



Start of Rudolph Bach Family Collection.

AR 11278

Sys #: 000199975

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AR 11278

1/1

Rudolph Bach Family Collection

1734-2002

Arch vs

RUTH C. BACH


January 2, 2002

Dr. Frank Mecklenburg
Director of Research
Leo Baeck Institute
15 West 16th Street
New York, NY 10011

Dear Dr. Mecklenburg,

At the time of my visit at your office in mid-November I thought I could get the enclosed material to you sooner. But children and grandchildren and many of my great-grandchildren came to be with me, always one group at a time to make it easy for my hearing problem. It was a great joy to see them and to be with them.

Stammbaum and family history always had a special place in our life, and it was particularly rewarding when an individual person could become more than a name living from/to, as is the case with Brunette Waelder through a thoughtful marriage contact (Mayer family folder).

My husband Rudi Bach put much effort in this collection of "Our Ancestors" so that it all could be as understandable as possible for his "offspring". This is the reason for all the translations and comments.

He and his brother Hans explored the history of the Bach family when they both still were at home. And from my own youth I remember the excitement when my mother Rosa Mayer and her cousin Caesar Hirsch discovered something additional relating to the Hirsch family.

With my best wishes for a good 2002

Sincerely,



September 1988

Dear Children and Grandchildren:

The first two instalments of family papers you received were dealing with Mom's/Nanny's forebears because none of you had any data from her family. As regards the Bach-side you, Mike and Shirley, Johnnie and Dori, Steve and Ray, certainly remember that you have my brother Hans' publication of 1967²- in my translation. I suggest that you let your children read and/or photo-copy it - if they are interested.

As regards documents on which Hans' article was based I know that a large part of his collection perished when at the time of his and Suse's emigration their lift-van was burned due to German air attacks on Rotterdam. I do not know what he still had. If and when I will ever get additional material I shall certainly make it accessible to you.

What you are receiving today are papers from my parents Albert and Bertha Bach with the resp. translations and those of Mom/Nanny and myself. As to the latter from our earlier years my feelings are similar to those we had when a man once told us: "this is an antique, I made it myself."

So have fun with them.

Love,

Register to Part III

Personal Papers: Albert & Bertha, Rudi & Ruth Bach

#	Person(s)	Item	Year
1		Ancestor Table, Hans & Rudi Bach	
2		Pictures: Solomon Schwarz & wife Sara.	?
3		Signature: Gronem Bar David	?
4	BB	History of Jewish Community, Stuttgart	
4a	BB	Birth Certificate	1879
5	AB	Birth Certificate, translation	
6	AB	Nationality Certificate w/interlinear translation	1887
6a,b	AB	Military Passport	1888
7	AB	Military Passport, translation (excerpts)	
8	AB	Conduct Certificate	1889
9,9a	AB/BB	Service Medal	1901
9b	AB/BB	Marriage Certificate	1901
10		Marriage Certificate, translation	
11		Photo of Bach Family	1912
12	AB/BB	Photo: Dedication by Moses Samson and Wife Emma	1921
12a	AB/BB	Letter from British Consul for Palestine Visa	1938
13	AB/BB	Letter from Brit. Consul for Palestine Visa, translation	
13a	AB/BB	List of Luggage for Emigration	1939
14	AB	List of Luggage, translation	
15	AB/BB	Palestinian Identity Card	1939
15a	AB/BB	Last Will	1940
16	AB/BB	Last Will, translation	
17	AB/BB	Application for Palestinian Naturalization	1941
18	AB	Certificate of Palestinian Naturalization	1941
19	BB	Certificate of Death	1942
20	BB	Certificate of USA Naturalization	1953
21	BB	Certificate of Literacy	1956
22	BB	Testamentary Letter	1963
23	BB	Testamentary Letter, translation	
24	RDB	Certificate of Death	1966
25	RCB	Certificate of Birth	1904
26	David B	Certificate of Birth	1910
27 & a	RDB	Postcard to Rudi	1911
27b	RDB	Certificate of "Maturity" (Exam, finishing Gymnasium)	1922
28	RDB	Same, translation	
29	RDB	Certificate, Exam, Textile Course (interlinear transl.)	1923
30 & a	RDB	Certificate of Attendance Technical College, Stuttgart	1924
31	RDB	Certificate of leaving Technical College, Stuttgart	1924
32	RDB	Certificate, Immatriculation University, Berlin	1924
33	RDB	Certificate, Cutting School	1924
34	RDB/RCB	Certificate, leaving University, Berlin	1926
35	RDB/RCB	Engagement Announcement	1928
36	RDB/RCB	Engagement Presents - Thank-you Note	1929
36a	RDB/RCB	Certificate of Marriage	1929
37	RDB/RCB	Certificate of Marriage, translation	
		Certificate of Marriage, Religious	1929

38 & 38a	AB	Speech at Wedding RDB/RCB w/ translation	1929
39	RDB	Becoming Partner in D. Bach & Soehne	1930
40&a,b,c	RDB	Selling Business in Stuttgart w/translation	1936
41	RDB/RCB	Application for Palestinian Naturalization	1939
42	RDB	Palestinian Identity Card	1938
43	RDB	Letter from Manufacturers' Association	1938
44	RDB	Reference from Rosolio	1943
45	RDB	Reference from Taya	1947
46	RDB	Partnership Agreement Herman Mayer Co. (4 pages)	1947
47	RDB	Partnership Agreement with Rosa Mayer	1951

OUR ANCESTORS:

Part 3

- (1) The old prayer-book 12 pages
- (2) Pictures with an enigma 4 pages
- (3) My mother's memoirs 28 pages
- (4) A letter from David Bach 3 pages
and Nathan Ste. n to Bertha Bach

→ copy removed to Me 1292
C> and microfilm / digitized

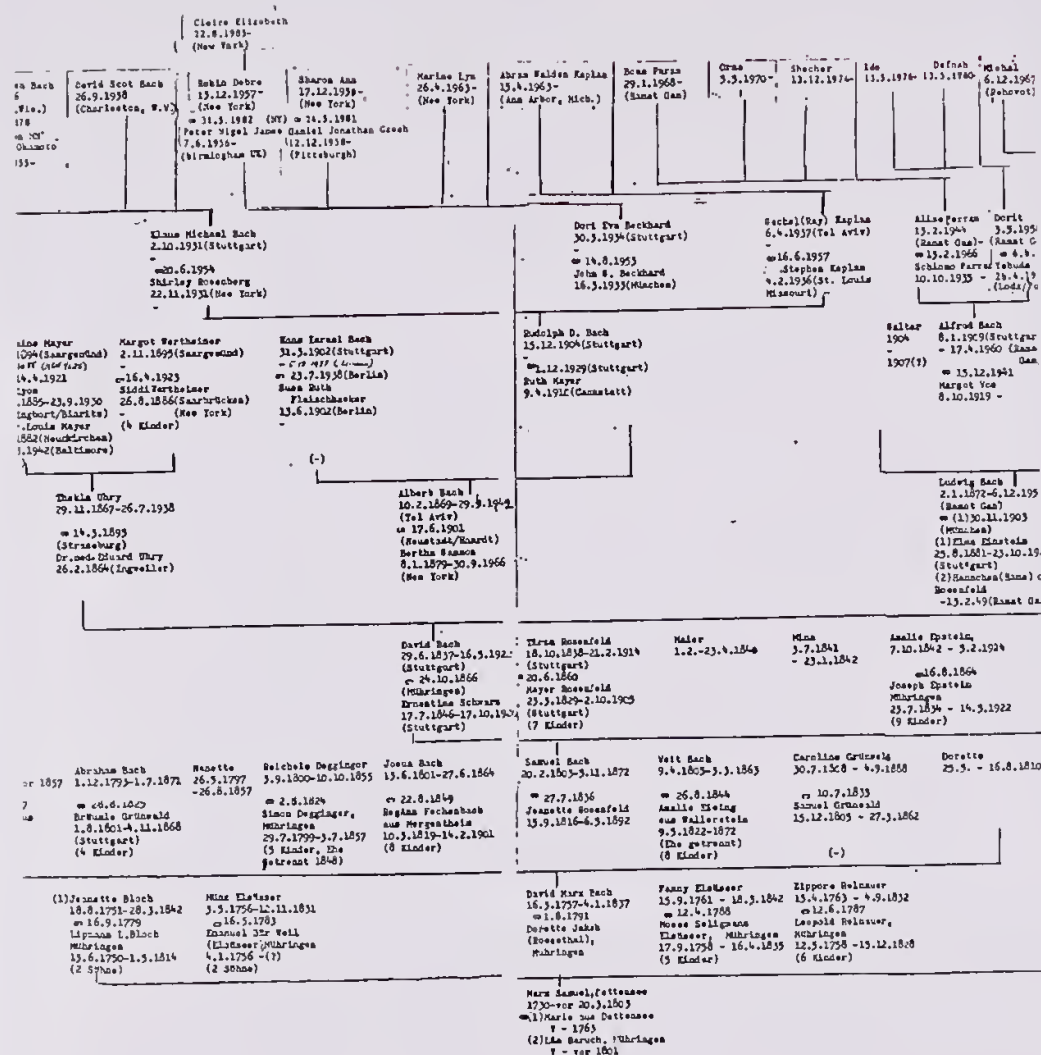
[illegible]

Hane I. Bech
1902 - 1977

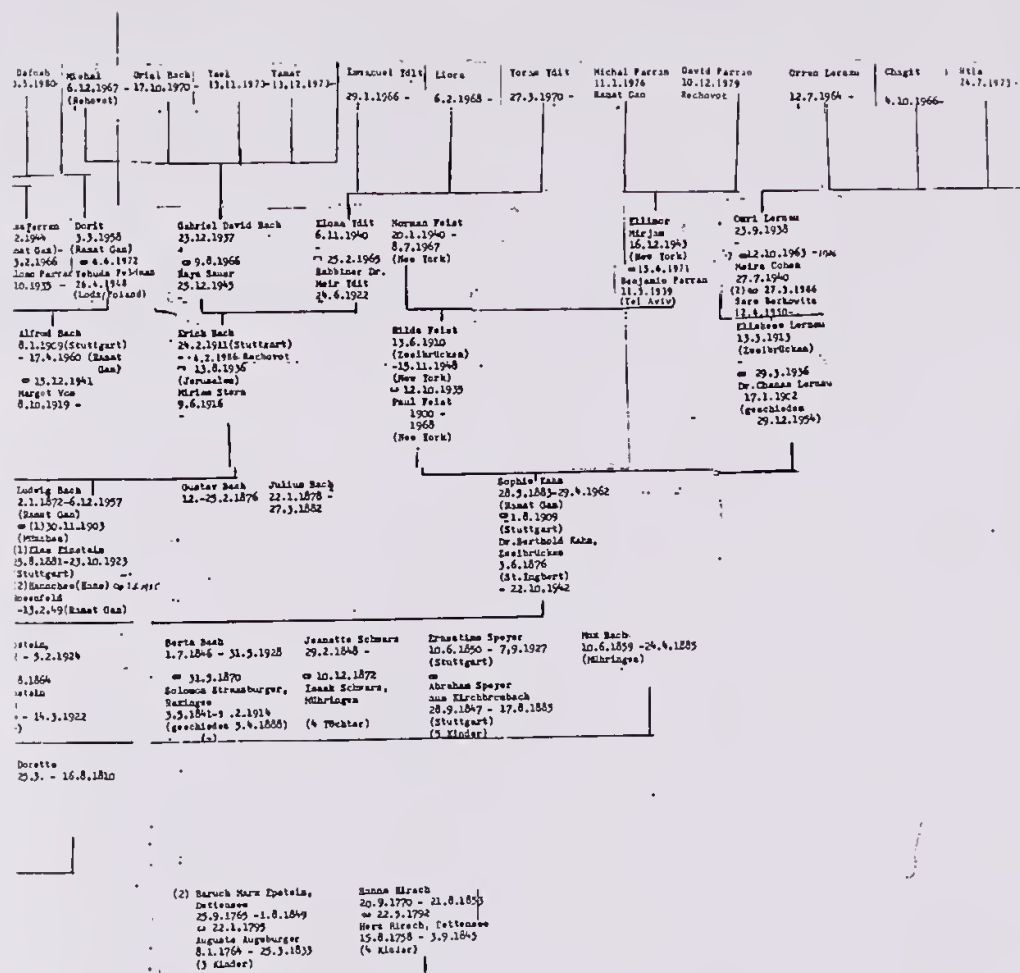
Rudolph
-1904 -

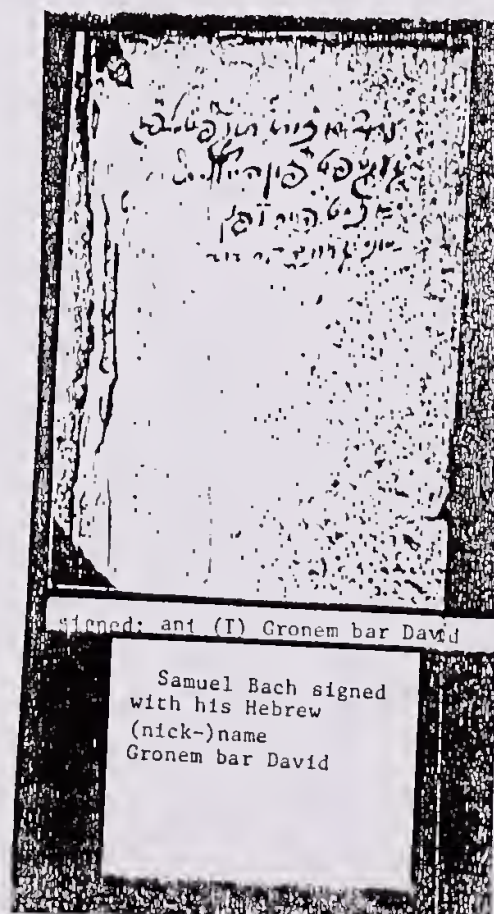
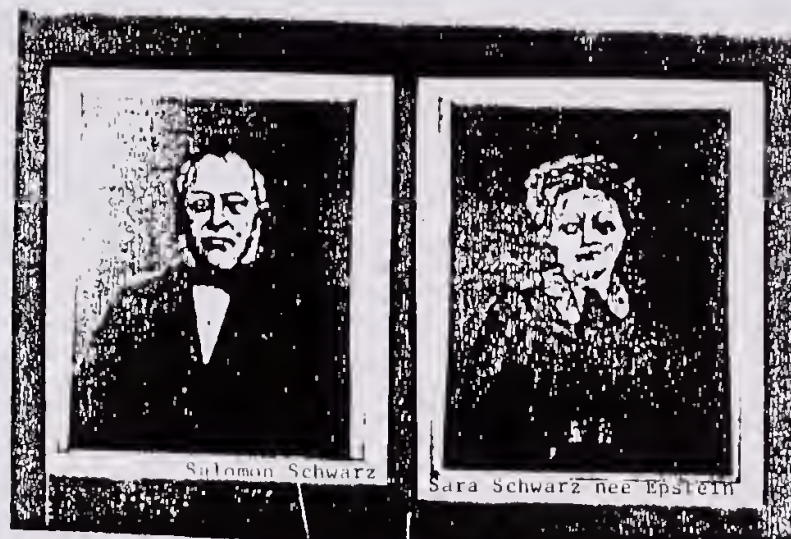
Hans Bach

dolph D. Bach
34 -



ance of descent Day/Month/Year





STUTT GART, CITY IN WUERTTEMBERG, W. GERMANY. A SMALL JEWISH COMMUNITY WITH A SYNAGOGUE WAS IN EXISTENCE BY 1330--40. IN NOVEMBER 1348 DURING THE BLACK DEATH PERSECUTIONS, MOST OF THE JEWS WERE BURNED TO DEATH, BUT SOME SURVIVORS WERE RECORDED IN ESSLINGEN IN 1385. IN 1393 ONE JEW WAS RECORDED AS LIVING IN STUTT GART. A NEW COMMUNITY HAD COME INTO BEING BY 1434, COMPRISING EIGHT FAMILIES BY 1470. BOTH A SYNAGOGUE AND A MIKVEH DATE FROM THAT PERIOD. SOME TIME AFTER 1492 JEWS WERE BANISHED IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE WILL (ENACTED AS A STATE LAW IN 1498) OF COUNT EBERHARD III OF WUERTTEMBERG. AT THE BEGINNING OF THE 16TH CENTURY COUNT ULRICH ATTEMPTED TO EMPLOY JEWS IN THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE TERRITORY. HOWEVER, THE BANISHMENT WAS REAFFIRMED BY EMPEROR CHARLES V IN 1521. IN 1597 DUKE FREDERICK I INVITED THE ITALIAN-JEWISH INVENTOR ABRAHAM COLONI TO EXPERIMENT WITH SALTPETER POTASSIUM BUT IMPRISONED HIM AFTER A FEW UNPRODUCTIVE MONTHS; COLONI LATER ESCAPED. THE DUKE'S ATTEMPT IN 1559 TO ATTRACT A PORTUGUESE-JEWISH MANUFACTURER MET WITH ECCLESIASTICAL OPPOSITION. BY 1710 A FEW JEWS DOING BUSINESS WITH THE DUCAL COURT WERE ALLOWED TO RESIDE IN STUTT GART, AND BY 1721 THERE WERE SEVEN FAMILIES IN RESIDENCE THERE. IN 1734 JOSEPH GUESS OPPENHEIMER WAS APPOINTED FINANCIAL ADVISER BY DUKE ALEXANDER; HE FELL INTO DISFAVOR AFTER THE DUKE'S DEATH IN 1737 AND WAS EXECUTED IN 1738. NEWLY ADMITTED JEWS WERE EXPELLED IN 1739. BY 1770, FOUR JEWISH FAMILIES LIVED IN STUTT GART, AMONG THEM NATHANIEL SEIDEL, DIRECTOR OF THE MINT, AND THE TWO BROTHERS GELIGMANN, LESSEES OF THE SALT-MINE CONCESSION FROM 1758.

AFTER THE ADMISSION OF THE MERCHANT-BANKING KAULLA FAMILY IN 1779 A NEW COMMUNITY CAME INTO BEING. IN 1831 THE CENTRAL WUERTTEMBERG JEWISH COUNCIL WAS ORGANIZED IN STUTT GART UNDER STATE AND CHURCH SUPERVISION. IN 1834 A CEMETERY WAS ACQUIRED (A NEW ONE IN 1876); IN 1835 JOSEPH MAIER, THE FIRST WUERTTEMBERG RABBI WITH THE REQUIRED PH.D. (FROM TUEBINGEN UNIVERSITY) WAS APPOINTED; A PRAYER HALL WAS CONSECRATED IN 1837. THE GROWTH OF THE COMMUNITY FOLLOWED THE TWO EMANCIPATION LAWS OF 1828 AND 1864. IN 1808, 109 JEWS LIVED IN STUTT GART; THE NUMBER ROSE TO 211 IN 1844; 847 IN 1861; 1,169 IN 1864; 1,801 IN 1871; 3,015 IN 1910; AND 3,818 (1.4% OF THE TOTAL POPULATION) IN 1913. IN NEARBY CANNSTATT, INCORPORATED WITH STUTT GART IN 1905, THERE WERE 469 JEWS IN THAT YEAR. IN 1925 THE JEWISH POPULATION OF STUTT GART AND CANNSTATT WAS 4,870 (1.4% OF THE TOTAL POPULATION) AND 4,490 IN JUNE 1933.

A SYNAGOGUE WAS CONSECRATED IN 1861, AND A SEPARATE ORTHODOX GROUP MAINTAINED A PRAYER HALL FROM 1880. FROM THE 1890S THE COMMUNITY HAD YOUTH AND CULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS AND BRANCHES OF POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS. FROM 1924 TO 1938 IT PUBLISHED A MONTHLY FOR THE WUERTTEMBERG JEWISH COMMUNITIES AND A LEHRHAUS (ADULT EDUCATION CENTER) WAS OPEN FROM 1925 TO 1938. THE RABBIS MAIER (1794--1873) AND MOSES WASSERMANN (1811--1892) WERE RAISED TO THE NOBILITY BY THE WUERTTEMBERG KINGS. IN 1933 JEWS IN PUBLIC OFFICE (AMONG THEM EIGHT JURISTS) AND IN CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS WERE DISMISSED. KARL ADLER, DIRECTOR OF THE CONSERVATORY FOR 11 YEARS, FOUNDED THE JEWISH ARTS COUNCIL FOR LAY CHOIRS. A JEWISH SCHOOL WAS FOUNDED IN 1933, AND A SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION IN 1935. THE B'NAI B'RITH STUTT GART LODGE WAS DISSOLVED IN 1937 AND POLISH JEWS WERE DEPORTED ON OCT. 26, 1938. FOLLOWING THE NOVEMBER 1938 POGROM, ADLER ORGANIZED AN EMIGRATION AID AND SELF-HELP AGENCY, WHICH WAS LEO, AFTER HIS EMIGRATION IN MAY 1941, BY THE JURIST ALFREDO MARX. THE WUERTTEMBERG JEWISH CENTRAL COUNCIL WAS DISSOLVED IN 1943. BY 1941, 2,690 JEWS HAD EMIGRATED. THE REMAINDER WERE CONCENTRATED IN A JEWISH QUARTER, THE OLDER MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNITY BEING EVACUATED TO SMALL TOWNS AND VILLAGES. FROM LATE 1941 THROUGH EARLY 1945 STUTT GART WAS THE COLLECTION POINT FOR THE DEPORTATION OF ALL WUERTTEMBERG JEWS. BEGINNING ON JULY 1, 1941 TO RIGA (WHERE THE DEPORTEES WERE SUBSEQUENTLY MASSACRED), IN 1942 FIRST TO IZSICA, AUSCHWITZ (FOUR TRANSPORTS 1942--43), AND THEN TO THERESIENSTADT (AUG. 5, 1942 TO FEB. 1945). ABOUT 1,000 STUTT GART JEWS DIED IN DEPORTATION OR IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

ABOUT 20 JEWS SURVIVED IN STUTT GART, SOME BY GOING INTO HIDING; 45 RETURNED FROM THERESIENSTADT (AMONG THEM ALFREDO MARX) AND A FEW FROM OTHER CONCENTRATION CAMPS. IN TWO DISPLACED PERSONS' CAMPS IN THE TOWN IN 1945 THERE WERE MORE THAN 2,000 JEWS. BY THE END OF 1946, 1,276 JEWS REMAINED IN STUTT GART, DECLINING TO 569 IN 1950; IN 1968 THE COMMUNITY HAD 480 MEMBERS. A SYNAGOGUE (BUILT BY THE SURVIVING ARCHITECT ERNST GUGGENHEIM), THE ONLY ONE IN WUERTTEMBERG, WAS CONSECRATED IN 1952; THE ENLARGED COMMUNITY CENTER WAS COMPLETED IN 1964. AMONG THE SURVIVORS, DR. RICHARD PERLEN (D. 1961) WAS APPOINTED PRESIDENT OF THE WUERTTEMBERG SUPREME COURT. THE HOUSE OF ALBERT EINSTEIN'S MOTHER'S FAMILY IN CANNSTATT-STUTT GART HAS BEEN PRESERVED.

Gemäß § 2 der Verordnung zur Durchführung des Gesetzes über die Änderung von Familiennamen und Vornamen vom 17. August 1938 hat die nebenbezeichnete Bertha Samson mit Wirkung vom 1. Januar 1939 ab zusätzlich den weiteren Vornamen S a r a angenommen.
Auftrag d. Zivilstandsbeamten, des 1. 1. 1939.

Der Standesbeamte
In Vertretung:
Mork.

Glaubwürdige Abschrift aus dem Geburtsregister
des Standesamts Neustadt an der Weinstrasse

Nr. 18.

Neustadt, am 11. Januar 18 79.

Vor dem unterzeichneten Standesbeamten erschien heute, der Persönlichkeit nach

bekannt,
der Weinhändler Moses Samson
wohnhaft zu Neustadt
israelitischer Religion, und zeigte an, daß von der
Fanny Geborene Levy seiner Ehefrau
israelitischer Religion,
wohnhaft bei ihm
zu Neustadt in seiner Wohnung,
am 11. Januar des Jahres
tausendachtzehnhundert siebenzig und neun, Vor mittags
um sieben Uhr ein Kind weiblichen
Geschlechts geboren worden sei, welches den Varnamen
Bertha
erhalten habe.

Vorgelesen, genehmigt und unterschrieben
Moses S a m s o n.

Der Standesbeamte

In Vertretung: B r u m m.

Die Übereinstimmung mit den Eintragungen im Geburtsregister wird hiermit beglaubigt.

Neustadt an der Weinstrasse 5. Januar 18 30.



Der Standesbeamte
In Vertretung:

[Signature]

Certified Copy from the Birth Register
of the Registry Neustadt an der Weinstrasse

Neustadt, January 11, 1879

Before the undersigned registrar appeared today by personality known the wine-merchant Moses Samson of israelitic religion, living in Neustadt, and declared that from his married wife Fanny nee Levy living with him at Neustadt in his residence on January 8 of the year 1879 at 7AM a child of female sex was born which had received the first name Bertha.

Read to, approved and signed: Moses Samson.

The Registrar

Confirmed to be in accordance with the entry in the register

1/5/1939

signed

Rubberstamp in upper left hand corner:

In accordance with the degree for the enactment of the law about change of family- and first names of 8/17/1938 the herein designated Bertha Bach has, as of 1/1/1939, accepted the further first name Sara.

Neustadt a.d.W. 1/1/39 The Registrar

Nummer

22

Königreich Württemberg.
Kingdom Wuerttemberg



Staatsangehörigkeits-Anweis.

(Ausschließlich zur Benutzung innerhalb des Deutschen Reichsgebiets gültig.)

Certificate of Nationality (for use exclusively within Germany)

Dem *Albrecht Pöck, Kaufmann von hier*
geboren am *10. ten Februar* 18*69* merchant born here
zu *Stuttgart*, at *Stuttgart*
born February 10, 1869
at Stuttgart

wird bescheinigt, daß derselbe und zwar durch *Abstammung*
die Eigenschaft als Württemberger besitzt. is herewith certified to have Wuerttemberg
nationality by birth

Stuttgart den *8. ten Februar 1894*

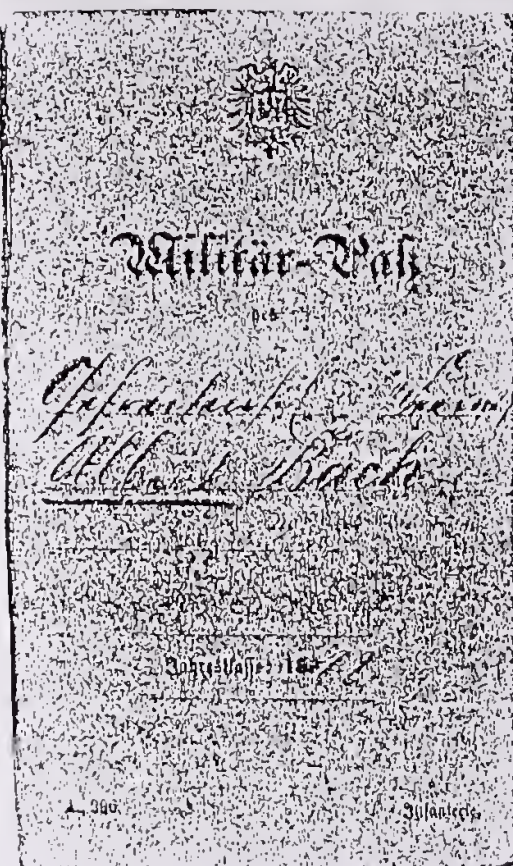
Königlich Württembergisches Oberamt. Royal Wttbg
City Direction



Tachlörkner
m. p.

Export (Tarif Nr. 68, Ziff. 6) . 1 .
Exportrechnung

Druck von H. Heßler in Stuttgart.



Gültig vom 1. April 1906 bis 31. März 1907.
 Zu Kempten und dem Militärpass vorzulegen.

Mit Empfang einer neuen Kriegsbefehlsordnung (Passwort)
 ist die alte dem Bezirkskommando zurückzugeben.

Befehlsliste Nr. 189

Spd. Nr. 888 oder Seite 888
 Jahressklasse 1888 Bisher 888 Nr. 888
 der Landwehrstammrolle (Gefahrenverzeichnisse) des Bez. Komd.
 Bittliste 888 Nr. 888

Kriegs-Befehlsordnung.

Der Gef. Albert Bach
Wohnort Stuttgart
 wohnhaft zu Stuttgart
B. Bach Wohnort Stuttgart
 hat sich nach Bekanntmachung des Mobilmachungs-
 Befehls ohne einen anderweitigen Befehl ab-
 zuwarten, bei dem Bezirkskommando

Stuttgart

Maierstrasse 23

berichtigt zu werden, daß er dorthin am
1. Mobilmachungstag
Don. mittags 7 1/2 Uhr

eintrifft.
 Die Militärpapiere sind mitzubringen. Die Bestim-
 mungen auf Seite 2 und 3 dieses Befehls sind genau
 zu beachten.

Bezirkskommando Stuttgart.



Wenden!

Bestimmungen.

- 1) Der Mobilmachungsbefehl wird in jeder Ortschaft durch Telegramme der Post- und Telegraphen-Behörden, durch öffentlich angehängte Bekanntmachungen des Generalkommandos, sowie durch die amtlichen Blätter veröffentlicht.
- 2) In den Bekanntmachungen des Generalkommandos sind die 5 ersten Mobilmachungstage genau nach den Kalendertagen bezeichnet. Mannschaften, deren Kriegsbefehlsordnung auf einen späteren Mobilmachungstag fällt, sind verpflichtet, den Kalendertag festzustellen, an dem sie sich zu melden haben.
- 3) Die Wehbrüder werden nicht bei der Ortsbehörde, sondern erst beim Truppeneintritt empfangen.
- 4) Die Einberufenen haben freie Eisenbahnfahrt und dürfen auch Schnellzüge mit nur erster beziehungsweise zweiter Wagenklasse benutzen. Es bedarf keiner Fahrkarte, sondern nur der Vorzeigung der Militärpapiere an die Zugbesatzen. Sind die Militärpapiere zufällig nicht vorhanden, so genügt auch die mündliche Erklärung.

Allen Einberufenen jedoch, deren Entfernung zum Versammlungsort 12 km und weniger als 12 km beträgt, ist die Benutzung der Eisenbahn verboten.

- 5) Bereits in den ersten Mobilmachungstagen erleidet der Eisenbahnfahrplan Veränderungen. Näheres hierüber ist auf den Bahnhöfen zu erfahren.
- 6) Der Einberufene hat sich beim Abgang von Hause mit einem eintägigen Verpflegungsbedarf zu versehen, sowie das für Ausrüstung der Zivilkleider erforderliche Packmaterial mitzubringen.
 Vor dem Mitnehmen alkoholhaltiger Getränke wird gewarnt.
- 7) In der Zeit vom 1. Oktober bis 31. März wird das Mitbringen von wolleuen Unterzeug dringend empfohlen. Entschädigungszahlung erfolgt dafür beim Truppenteil.
- 8) Den für Trupptruppen Einberufenen wird empfohlen, ein Paar dauerhafte Stiefel mitzubringen. Für solche tragbare Stiefel erfolgt Ersatz in Geld vom Truppenteil.
- 9) Wer sich bei eintretender Mobilmachung auf Reisen befindet, kehrt nicht erst nach der Heimat zurück, sondern begibt sich sofort direkt zu seinem Truppenteil bzw. Bezirkskommando.
- 10) Die Nichtbefolgung dieses Befehlens wird nach den Kriegsgeetzen streng bestraft.
 Eintreffen in betrunkenem Zustande, Unpünktlichkeit oder sonstige Ungehörigkeit bei der Versammlung werden ebenfalls bestraft.

outside: Military Passport
of the Lance Corporal One Year Volunteer
Albert Bach

Year-class: 1888

Insert:

valid from 4/1/1906 till 3/31/1907 - to be stamped and to be inserted
in front of the Military Passport. (numbers etc)

W A R - O R D E R S

The Lance Corporal Albert Bach, traveling merchant, living at Stuttgart, orders to : D. Bach, 17 Danneckerstr. has upon proclamation of a mobilization order, without waiting for another specific order, to report at the district command Stuttgart, 12 Kasernen Str so that he arrives there on the 5th day of mobilization at 7.30 AM. Military papers are to be brought along. Regulations on pages 2 and 3 of this order are to be exactly observed.

District Command Stuttgart

REGULATIONS

1. The mobilization order will be publicized in every locality by way of telegrams of the postal and telegraph authorities, by publicly posted announcements of the General Command as well as through the official newspapers.
 2. In the announcements of the General Command the first five mobilization days will be exactly enumerated by calendar-days. Persons with war-orders for a later mobilization-day are obligated to establish the day on which they are to report.
 3. Allowances will not be received at the local authority but only at the military unit.
 4. Mobilized men have free use of the railway and may also use rapid trains with only first or resp. second class cars. No ticket is required, only the military papers have to be presented to the train-personnel. If perchance military papers are unavailable an oral declaration will suffice.
- However, to all mobilized men who are 12 km or less distant from their place of mobilization the use of the railway is forbidden.
5. Already in the first days of mobilization the train schedules are subject to changes. Details are to be found out at the stations.
 6. The mobilized man has upon leaving his home to provide himself with food for one day and to bring along packing material for sending back his civilian clothes. Alcoholic beverages are not to be taken along.
 7. During the time from October 1 to March 31 it is urgently recommended to take along woollen underwear. Compensation will be paid at the unit.
 8. To men mobilized for the infantry it is recommended to bring along a pair of solid boots. Compensation for such war-wearable boots will be paid in cash by the unit.

9. Whoever is traveling at the time of mobilization shall not first return home but go directly to his unit or district-command.
10. Non-conformity with this mobilization-order will be strictly punished under war-laws.
Arrival in drunk condition, unpunctuality or other impropriety at the mobilization will also be punished.

Further detailed regulations are dealing with:

- I. General: belonging to various reserve-categories; reporting duty for reserve-personnel (when, where, to whom etc); petitions and complaints
 - II. Change of domicile, travel, staying abroad and resp. reports.
 - III. Control-assemblies - once a year (for first reserve category) dispensation.
 - IV. Exercises: 1st reserve two p.a. of upto 8 weeks, 2nd reserve two p.a. of 1 - 2 weeks (dispensation)
 - V. Sundry: Arrest for non-participation in control-assembly, jail upto 5 years for evading exercises. Specification of categories. Application for release. Return from abroad in case of mobilization
 - VI. Special conditions for second category
 - VII. Special conditions for exceptional categories
- Samples of report-forms.

Personal part:

Nationality of book-owner

Albert Bach, born Feb. 10, 1869 at Stuttgart, Wuerttemberg, merchant
religion:israelite, married, children -0- (he was not married at that time)
date and type of starting service: Oct. 1, 1888 as one year volunteer,
sworn in Oct. 1, 1888,
unit: Infantry regiment emperor Frederic, king of Prussia (7th Wuertt.)
Nr 125 8th company.

Advancements: 4/1/1889 to Lance Corporal

Release: 10/1/1889 to reserve in Stuttgart

Medals and honors: L.D. 2

War service and injuries:

Special military training: trained with rifle M 71/84 (handwritten)
militarily trained, shooting class: II

transferred to reserve 3rd class 4/10/1896, 4th class 4/15/1901

many pages of entries documenting exercises and permission to travel
within Germany (extended for two-year periods) seven times.

Al

des Truppen-Stammrolle für

1888

Führungszeugniß.

Certificate of Conduct

Der

geboren am

10. Februar 1869

zu

Stuttgart

hat vom

1. Oktober 1888

bis

1. Oktober 1889

bei der

8. Comp. des Königl. Reg. Kaiser Friedrich R. I. P. (7. W. I. P.)

gedient und sich während dieser Dienstzeit

gut verhalten

Strafen:

a. Gerichtliche Strafen:

b. Disziplinar-Bestrafungen mit strengem Arrest:

Stuttgart, 1. Oktober 1889.

A. 304.

Scharpf
Geheim- & Compagnie-Head

The Lance-Corporal (One Year Volunteer) Albert Bach, born Feb. 10, 1869 in Stuttgart, Wuerttemberg, has served from Oct. 1, 1888 to Oct. 1, 1889 with the 8th Company of the Royal Infantry Regiment Emperor Frederic, King of Prussia, and during this time been of good conduct.

Punishments:

a) judicial punishments: -0-

b) disciplinary punishments with strict arrest: -0-

Stuttgart, Oct. 1, 1889

signed: Scharpf
Captain & Company-head

Besitz-Bescheinigung.

Ownership Certificate

Dem Gefreiten Reserve-Infanterie 1. Aufgebots
Albert Bach aus Stuttgart

gebürtig, ist die zweite Klasse der Landwehr-Dienstauszeichnung
durch Verfügung der 51. Infanterie-Brigade (/ Königlich Württembergischen)
vom 13. 3. 1901 verliehen worden.

Stuttgart den 1. April 1901

Bezirkskommando Stuttgart



Gessler
Oberstleutnant v. d. Leinhardt
Kommandant

To the Lance Corporal of the Reserve-Infantry 1st conscription
Albert Bach born in Stuttgart has, by degree of the 51st Infantry-Brigade
(1st Royal Wuerttemberg) of March 13, 1901 been granted the reserve-
service medal second class.

Stuttgart, April 1, 1901

District Authority Stuttgart

signed: Gessler

Lieutenant Colonel and Area Commande

Beglaubigte Abschrift

Gemäß § 2 der Verordnung zur Durchführung des Gesetzes über die Änderung von Familiennamen und Vornamen vom 17. August 1938 hat das dem Heiratsregister des Standesamts Neustadt/Weinstrasse.

nebenbezeichnete Albert

B a c h

mit Wirkung vom 1. Januar 1939 ab

zusätzlich den weiteren Vornamen

I s r a e l

angenommen.

Neustadt a. d. Weinstrasse, den 1. 1. 1939.

Der Standesbeamte

Im Vertretung: Ehrschildung:

Merk.

Nr. 84.

Neustadt/Haardt am sienzehn-

Juni - tausend neun hundert eins,

Vor dem unterzeichneten Standesbeamten erschienen heute zum Zwecke der

1. der Kaufmann Albert B a c h,

der Persönlichkeit nach

be kannt,

Gemäß § 2 der Verordnung zur Durchführung des Gesetzes über die Änderung von Familiennamen und Vornamen vom 17. August 1938 hat die nebenbezeichnete Bertha Bach

Geborene Samson

mit Wirkung vom 1. Januar 1939 ab

zusätzlich den weiteren Vornamen

S a r a

angenommen.

Neustadt a. d. Weinstrasse, den 1. 1. 1939.

Der Standesbeamte

Im Vertretung:

Merk.

zu Stuttgart

wohnhaft

2. die gewerblose Bertha Samson

der Persönlichkeit nach

be kannt,

israelitische Religion, geboren den achten Januar

des Jahres tausend acht hundert

neun und sechzig zu Neustadt an der Haardt

, wohnhaft zu Neustadt a. d. Haardt

Tochter des Weinhandlers Moses Samson, wohnhaft in Neu-

stadt an der Haardt und seiner Verstorbenen Ehefrau

Fanny geborene Levy, zuletzt

wohnhaft

zu Neustadt an der Haardt.

Alle Zeugen waren zugezogen und erschienen:

3. der Weinhändler Jakob Samson _____

der Persönlichkeit nach _____

be- kannt,

50 Jahre alt, wohnhaft zu Neustadt an der Haardt.

4. der Weinhändler Albert Rosenstiel, _____

der Persönlichkeit nach _____

be- kannt,

50 Jahre alt, wohnhaft zu Neustadt an der Haardt.

In Gegenwart der Zeugen richtete der Standesbeamte an die Ver-
lobten einzeln und nacheinander die Frage:

ob sie erklären, daß sie die Ehe miteinander eingehen wollen. Die
Verlobten beantworteten diese Frage bejahend und erfolgte hierauf der Aus-
spruch des Standesbeamten, daß er sie nunmehr trotz des Gesetzes für rech-
mäßig verbundene Eheleute erkläre.

Vorgelesen, genehmigt und Unterschrieben _____

Albert Bach, Bertha Bach geb. Samson, _____

Jakob Samson, Albert Rosenstiel. _____

Der Standesbeamte.

In Vertretung: Schmitt. _____

Die Übereinstimmung mit den Eintragungen im Eheatsregister wird hiermit beglaubigt.

Neustadt a.d. Weinstraßen 5. Januar 1939.



Der Standesbeamte.

In Vertretung: *W. K.*

Certified Copy
from the Marriage Register of the Registry Neustadt/Weinstrasse

No. 84

Neustadt/Haardt on June seventeenth of the year thousand nineteen-
hundredone.

Before the undersigned registrar appeared today for the purpose
of marriage

1. the merchant Albert Bach, known by personality, of israelitic religion,
born February 10, 1869 i- Stuttgart, living in Stuttgart,
son of the merchant David Bach and his married wife Ernestine
nee Schwarz, living in Stuttgart, and
2. Bertha Bach, without profession, known by personality,
of israelitic religion, born January 8, 1979, at Neustadt a.d.H.,
living at Neustadt a.d.H., daughter of the wine-merchant
Moses Samson and his late married wife Fanny nee Levy, last living
at Neustadt a.d.H.

As witnesses were invited and appeared

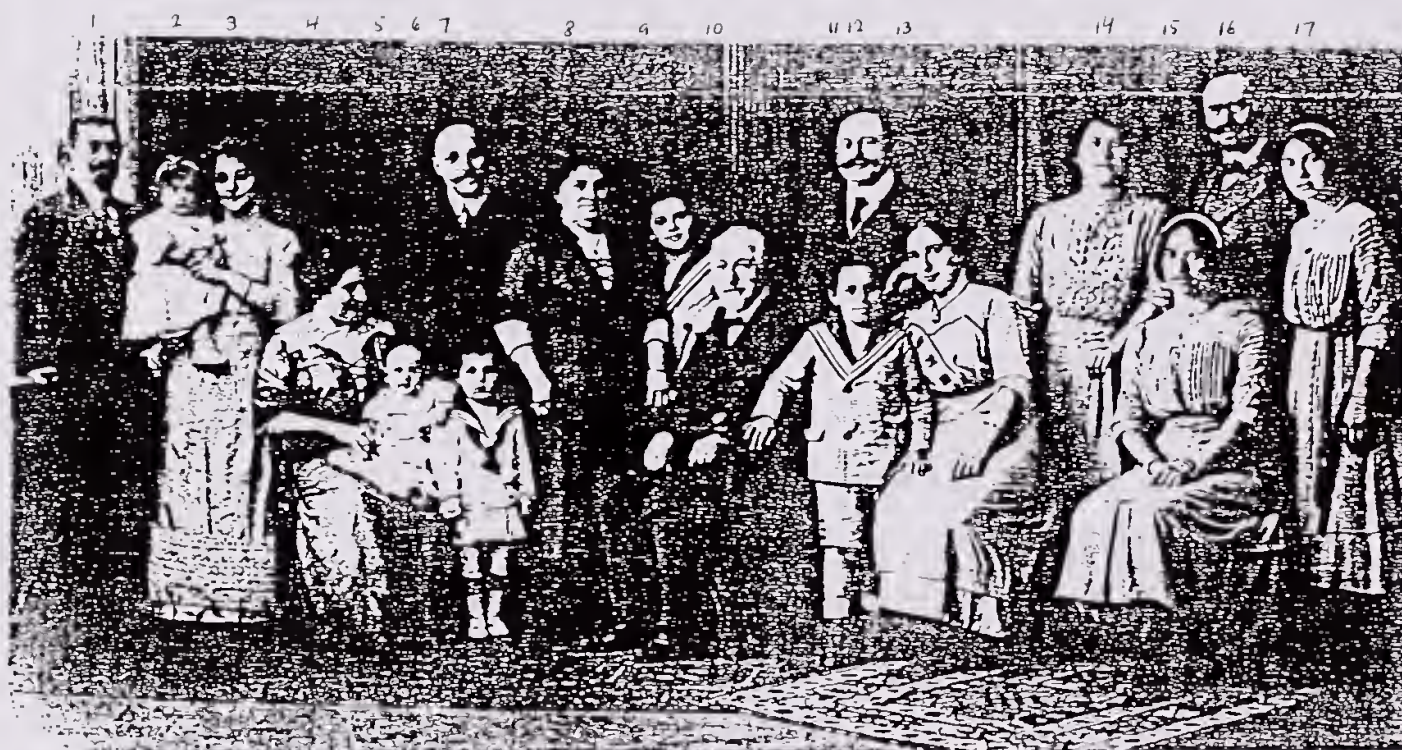
3. the wine-merchant Jakob Samson, known by personality, 50 years
old, living at Neustadt a.d.H.
4. the wine-merchant Albert Rosenstiel, known by personality, 50 years
old, living at Neustadt a.d.H.

In the presence of the witnesses the Registrar asked the engaged couple
singly and one after another whether they declared that they would
enter into marriage together. The engaged couple answered this
question affirmatively and the Registrar declared thereupon that
they are now legally married.

Read to, approved and signed: Albert Bach, Bertha Bach nee Samson,
Jakob Samson, Albert Rosenstiel.

The Registrar

Confirmation etc as on Bertha Bach birth certificate
Rubberstamps in upper left corner as on Bertha Bach birth certificate,
for Albert Bach additional name Israel, for Bertha Bach Sara.



- 1 Berthold Kahn
- 2 Hilde Kahn
- 3 Sophie Kahn
- 4 Elsa Bach
- 5 Erich Bach
- 6 Fred Bach
- 7 Ludwig Bach
- 8 Ernestine Bach
- 9 Hans Bach
- 10 David Bach
- 11 Rudi Bach
- 12 Albert Bach
- 13 Bertha Bach
- 14 Thekla Uhry
- 15 Germaine Uhry
- 16 Dr. Eduard Uhry
- 17 Margot Uhry

taken 1912
for the 75th birthday of David Bach

Mein lieber Rudi!
 Was du nicht willst, was man dir tu,
 das füg auch keinem andern zu.
 Wenn du dir diesen Satz als deinen
 Maximepfeil anzeigst, wirst du
 dein ganzes Leben als geachteter Mann
 durchs Leben gehen.
 Im Erinnerung an seinen Großvater
 Moses Samson in seinem hundertfiebzigsten
 Lebensjahr gezeichnet am Rosh Hashanah
 5682 am 1. Oktober 1921

Meinem lieben Rudi gewidmet von seiner, ihn so sehr
 liebenden Großmutter Emma
 Stuttgart, 2. Oktober 1921.

Dedication on the back of photograph

My dear Rudi!

Do not do to others what you don't want being done to you. If you take this verse as your guidepost you will go through life as a respected man.

In memory of your grandfather Moses Samson in his 76th year of life on the eve of Rosh Hashanah 5682, October 1, 1921.

Dedicated to my dear Rudi by his grandmother Emma who loves him so very much

Ref. No.

26/6/663-38

British Consulate General,
62, Guillolettstrasse
Frankfurt a. Main

den, 17. Dezember 1938

Zum Zwecke der Vorlage bei den zuständigen deutschen Behörden bestätige ich hiermit, dass ich bereit bin Ihnen ein Sichtvermerk zur Einreise nach Palästina ~~England~~ zu erteilen, sobald Sie im Besitze eines gültigen Reisepasasa sind.

Diese Bescheinigung wird für Flüchtlinge in doppelter Ausführung ausgestellt. Ein Exemplar ist mit dem Haftentlassungsantrag der Geheimen Staatspolizei einzureichen. Das andere Exemplar ist mit dem Passantrag an die zuständige Stelle einzureichen, welche Reisepässe ausstellt.

Diese Bescheinigung ist gültig für :

Herrn Albert Bach u. Ehefrau
Sandbergerstrasse 28
Stuttgart

RT Immanuel

Kgl. Grossbrit. Generalkonsul

December 17, 1938

For the purpose of presentation to the competent German authorities I confirm herewith that I am prepared to grant you a visa for entering Palestine as soon as you are in possession of a valid passport.

This certificate is being issued for prisoners in duplicate. One copy is to be submitted to the Gestapo with the application for release from prison, the other copy is to be submitted together with the passport-application to the resp. passport-issuing authority.

This certificate is valid for Mr. Albert Bach and wife,
Sandbergerstr. 28
Stuttgart

(signed)

Consul General of Great Britain

12.

Albert Israel Bach

Stuttgart, den 8. Februar 1939.

G e p ä c k a u f s t e l l u n g

zur sofortigen Mitnahme von Umzugsgut.

Albert Israel Bach

Bertha Sara Bach

2 Winteranzüge
2 Sommeranzüge
1 Tropenanzug
1 Leinenanzug
1 Sporthemd
1 Hausrock
1 Arbeitsmantel
1 Sommerpaleot
1 Regenmantel
1 Mütze
4 Oberhemden
4 Str. Hemden mit Halbarm
4 Tricotunterhosen
4 poröse Unterhosen
1 Schlafanzug
2 Winternachthemden
4 Sommernachthemden
24 Taschentücher
12 Paar Socken
4 Paar Kniestrümpfe
5 Kravatten
1 elektr. Heizkissen
1 Gullibettflasche
1 Haarschneidmaschine
3 Paar Schuhe
1 Paar Hausschuhe
1 Aktentasche
1 Decke
1 Badeanzug

1 Pullover
3 Blusen
1 Blumenrock
2 Arbeitskleider
2 Arbeitsschürzen
2 Strickkleider
2 Winterkleider
2 Sommerkleider
1 Jackenkleid
1 Sommermantel
1 Wintermantel
1 Regenmantel
1 warmer Schlafrock
12 Paar Strümpfe
24 Taschentücher
6 Untertaillen
6 Schlüpfer
4 Bustenhalter
1 Mieder
6 Nachthemden
6 Handtücher
1 Badeanzug
1 Paar Hausschuhe
3 Paar Schuhe
2 Paar Handschuhe
1 Pelzstola
1 Jackenkleid
1 Handtasche
2 Kleiderschürzen

Albert Israel Bach

Stuttgart, Feb. 8, 1939

Baggage - List
for immediate take-along moving goods

Albert Israel Bach

Bertha Sara Bach

2 winter-suits
2 summer-suits
1 tropical suit
1 sport shirt
1 robe
1 work-coat
1 summer coat
1 rain-coat
1 cap
4 dress-shirts
4 half-arm shirts
4 knit under-pants
4 porous underpants
1 pyjama
2 winter night-shirts
4 summer night-shirts
24 hankies
12 pair socks
4 pair kneelength stockings
5 ties
1 el. heating pad
1 rubber hot-water bottle
1 hair-cutter
3 pair shoes
1 pair house-shoes
1 brief-case
1 blanket
1 bathing suit

1 pullover
3 blouses
1 blouse-skirt
2 work-dresses
2 work-aprons
2 knit dresses
2 winter dresses
2 summer dresses
1 costume
1 summer coat
1 winter coat
1 rain-coat
1 warm robe
12 pair stockings
24 hankies
6 bodices
6 slips
4 bras
1 corset
6 night shirts
6 towels
1 bathing suit
1 pair house shoes
2 pair gloves
1 fur stole
1 custome
1 bag
2 dress-aprons
3 pair shoes

Bearer Albert Bach
Of (Address) 48 Reines st Tel Aviv
has permission to travel in Palestine at own risk

Photograph of Holder.



By ROAD & RAIL (if rail accommodation available),
and is permitted to use the vehicle described below on any road AND BEERSHEBA (JEWISH COLONIES EXCEPTED)

Registered No. of Car

Make

Colour

Signature of Issuing Officer T. Tenenbaum
LIEUT.
1/BEDFS & HERTS REGT.



* This MUST be STRUCK OUT in ink if permission to use a vehicle is NOT granted.

Signature of Holder

Albert Bach

No. 58074/S

IDENTITY CARD

Name of holder ALBERT
BACH

Place of residence Tel Aviv
48 Reines st.

Place of business T. A.

Occupation Retired

Race Jewish

Height 5 feet 3 inches

Colour of eyes Brown

Colour of hair Grey

Build Normal

Special peculiarities Nil



Unfold stamp partly over photograph.

Signature of issuing officer Alvin Komaroff
DISTRICT OFFICER, TEL AVIV

Appointment 1st Lt. H.M. 1st

Place Tel Aviv Date 26.3.39

Signature of holder Albert Bach

Gemeinschaftliches Testament

- 1) Wir, die Ehegatten Albert Bach und Bertha, geb. Samso, beide in Tel Aviv setzen uns gegenseitig zu Alleinerben ein
- 2) Wir befreien uns gegenseitig von allen Beschränkungen oder Verpflichtungen in betreff Vermögensaufnahme beim Ableben eines von uns beiden oder irgendwelchen Vermögensnachweise oder einer Rechnungsstellung. Der Überlebende kann ohne jede Beschränkung frei über alle Vermögensobjekte verfügen.
- 3) Nach unserem biderseitigen Ableben soll unser Vermögen an die Kinder unserer beiden Söhne Hans und Rudolf fallen und zwar zu gleichen Erbanteilen ohne Rücksicht darauf, was beide Söhne bis zum heutigen Tage schon bekommen haben.
- 4) Innerhalb der Erbanteile erben die Kinder zu gleichen Teilen ohne alle Vorrechte. Mit 21 Jahren soll jedes einzelne in den Besitz vollen seines Erbteils gelangen. Bis dahin haben die Eltern die Verwaltung und Nutznießung ohne Zwang zu irgendwelcher Rechnungslegung und mit dem Recht, falls ihre wirtschaftlichen Verhältnisse es erfordern, auch über das Kapital zu verfügen.
- 5) Falls aus der Ehe unseres Sohnes Hans keine Kinder hervorgehen, so soll Hans erbberechtigt sein mit der Massgabe, dass nach seinem und seiner Frau Ableben, bzw. bei einer Wiederverheiratung seiner Frau das Erbe an Rudolfs Kinder zurückfällt.
- 6) Mit Rücksicht darauf, dass unser Sohn Rudolf nie wohnt, ernennen wir ihn zu unserem Testamentsvollstrecker.

Tel Aviv 1. März 1940

Die Zeugen: Ludwig Bach

Hermann Meyer

Albert Bach

Bertha Bach

JOINT WILL and TESTAMENT

- 1) We, the married couple Albert and Bertha Bach nee Samson, both in Tel Aviv appoint one another as sole heirs.
- 2) We relieve one another from all limitations and obligations regarding inventory of possessions of the death of one of us or any proof of possession or accounting. The survivor will have free unlimited disposition over all objects in our possession.
- 3) After the demise of both of us our estate should go to the children of our two sons Hans and Rudolph, equally per stirpes, without taking into account what our two sons have already received up to that date.
- 4) Within their shares the children shall inherit at equal parts without any priorities. At the age of 21 each of them shall be granted full possession of his or her inheritance. Up to this time the resp. parents shall have the administration and benefit without obligation for any accounting and with the right, in case their economic circumstances demand it, also to dispose over the capital.
- 5) In case the marriage of our son Hans remains without offspring Hans shall be entitled to inherit with the understanding that after his and his wife's demise or resp. in case his wife remarries the inheritance shall revert to Rudolph's children.
- 6) In consideration of the fact that our son Rudolf is living here we appoint him as our executor.

The witnesses: signed Ludwig Bach
Hermann Mayer

Tel Aviv, March 1, 1940

signed Albert Bach
Bertha Bach

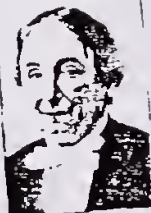
Translator's remarks:

This document should be seen in its proper context. Up to the Nazi times my parents, Albert and Bertha Bach, lived in Stuttgart, Germany, in comfortable circumstances. They were married in 1901, started small - though they were never poor - and had - in accordance with the bourgeois virtues of their time and surroundings: probity, industry, economy - accumulated a degree of wealth that let them well afford what they aspired to have: a comfortable home, equipped and furnished in the taste of their time, summer-vacations in a good hotel in Austria or Switzerland, a standing subscription to theater and opera, father having his suits made to measure by the best tailor in town and, most important, a sense of security which alas proved to be an illusion.

All that was radically changed by the Nazis. When my parents left in 1939 - only a few months before World War II started in Europe - they had to leave everything behind. The list of the things they were allowed to take along is eloquent enough.

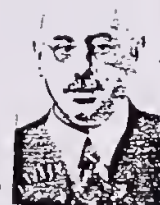
Outside of Germany they had only minimal funds which had been illegally transferred or rather smuggled out with great trepidation. Doing something illegal, however oppressive and discriminatory the resp. law was, went strongly against their very grain. On these funds and tiny earnings they lived in Tel Aviv when this will was written. Chances of ever getting any part of their former possessions back seemed at that time remote. The assets they disposed of in this will were thus unavailable at that time and when Mother inherited them upon Father's death in 1942 - at the height of WW II. It was only many years later that restitution gave Mother enough back so that she did not have to work nor to worry any more. (see also my report in Multa Multum)

(Some years later and in view of vastly changed circumstances I consented to Hans's wish that paragraph 5 of the will be disregarded)



PARTICULARS RELATING TO APPLICANT.

אوصاف الطالب أو الطالبة
פרטים בנוגע למבקש(ת)



Place and date of birth..... Stuttgart, Germany; 10th February, 1869.....
 Nationality..... German
 Trade or occupation
 Unmarried, married, widowed or divorced..... Married.....
 Name of wife Berta, maiden name SALSON.....
 סגן אשתי
 اسم الزوجة
 غير متزوج أو غير متزوجة . متزوج أو متزوجة . أرمل أو أرملة . مطلق أو مطلقة .
 בלתי נשוי(ת) . נשוי(ת) . נשוי(ת) אלמן(ת) או גרושה(ת)
 الجنسية
 مهنة او مهنة
 الحالة او الحالة
 مكان وتاريخ الولادة
 مكان ولدت(ت) وיום ولدت(ت)

Sworn or affirmed and subscribed this Seventeenth day of August 1931.
 (Signature)..... (Title).....
 INSPECTOR OF MIGRATION
 TEL AVIV IMMIGRATION OFFICE.

Signature of holder..... Albert Bach.....

CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION.

Cherecas - Albert BACH

(hereinafter called the "applicant") has applied for a Certificate of Naturalization, alleging with respect to himself (herself) the particulars set out below, and has satisfied me that the conditions laid down in the above-mentioned Order for the grant of a Certificate of Naturalization are fulfilled in his (her) case:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the powers conferred on me by the said Order,

grant to the said applicant this Certificate of Naturalization and declare that he (she) shall, subject to the provisions of the said Order, be entitled to all political and other rights, powers and privileges, and be subject to all obligations, duties and liabilities to which a natural born Palestinian citizen is entitled or subject, and have to all intents and purposes the status of a natural-born Palestinian citizen.

In witness whereof I have hereto subscribed my name

this sixth day of August 1941
 חש"א סנה אב 11
 אב 11
 סנה 11
 יד ושם
 יד ושם
 יד ושם

Nº 54720 A

Serial Number of Application 72248

דבר המלך בנוגע לנתינות 'פלשתינאית' (הא"ת), 1925.

תעודת התאזרחות

בהמת ו... אלברט באך

(הנפקא להלן המבקשת) בקשת העדות המאורעת במסמך (הוא) הנכונה לי עדות המאורעת בדבר המלך המוכר לעיל לכתב העדות המאורעת נחמלא בנזון לו (לה):

על כן בתקף הכח המזכיר לי בדבר המלך הגל.

הוא ומצדדי שווא (שהא) בהתחשב עם הדיקא דבר הפלך
הנזכר לעיל. דנה (תנחול) כל הדיקות והדיקות הדיקות
האחרות וכן ההנחות ודא (תנחול) חילול כלל הדיקות
האחרות וכן ההנחות ודא (תנחול) חילול כלל הדיקות
(תנחול) חילול כלל הדיקות ודא (תנחול) חילול כלל הדיקות

ולראיה חתמתי את ש"י הי"ם הזה

١٩٢٥

شهادة التخرج

ہا ان۔

المقدم فيها حد الطالب/الطالبة، ثم طلب/طلب/شهادة تجنس سداً لف/ مستندة لنفسه/الاولاد للبيئة ادناه وقد اجتبت لى بأنه قام/اجتبت لى بأنها قامت/ بالمتوسط الموسوعة فى القانون المذكور اعلاه بنان منح شهادة التجنس

قد ضمت الطالب الحكومة/ الطالب المذكورة/ بنفسى السلطات الخولة ل
بالتعاون المو. مع قيادة النجس/ اصرح باه بجن له/ ما/ انتقم بجميع الحقوق
بشخصية/ ويترام بالسلطات الامرايا/ على جميع ما كل لتلقى سولا/ عليه/ ونظرا
اليام بجميع المهملات والواجبات والتفريات التي تعرض عليه/ عليه/ مع مراعاة
نصوص القانون المشار اليه ويكون له/ ما/ سلة الرعاية الفلسطينية سولا تحفيا
لجميع الامراض والقاصد

ولليان اعطيت هذه الشهادة محررا

מסמך מס' 1000
(אשר הוצגה לו)
(לדפוס)

High Commissioner **المرتب السامي** **נדיב מלחין**

OPP 1446-1240-10 U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE.

ממשלת פלשתינה (א"י)

حكومة فلسطين

Local Form O.M. 14

№ 19218

الرقم
כספר

מחלקת הבריאות

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

دائرة الصحة

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF DEATH

תעודת רשום פטירה

شهادة تسجيل وفاة

Serial Number in Register	Place of Death	Date of Death	Name of Deceased	Address of Deceased	Age	Sex	Nationality	Religion	Occupation	Cause of Death	Duration of Illness	Name of Person Notifying Death	Description and Address of Person Notifying Death	Date of Registration	Signature and Designation of Official Registering Death
516/42	Tel. Aviv	29. 4. 42	Albert Zach	18 Helms Road	73 y.	Male	Palestinian	Jew	—	Angine pectoris Coronary	—	Dr. H. Goldstein	18 Helms Road Tel. Aviv	29. 4. 42	Dr. H. Goldstein

Certified that the above is a true extract from the Register of Deaths kept at the Office of the Department of Health in the Town of Tel. Aviv in the District of Gada.

הוא נכון ונכון ונכון
רשום המכתובות הנמצא ביד מחלקת הבריאות כפי
כמות
של פלשתינה (א"י)

אשרת בן הדין המזכור אעלה מו خلاصة طبق الاصل من سجل
الوفيات المحفوظ في مكتب دائرة الصحة في مدينة
الناطقة للواء.

Date & Office Stamp



חתימת המכתוב והתאריך
חתימת מנהל המחלקה

Medical Officer of Health

רئيس الأطباء. ومفاد מחלקת הבריאות

Handwritten signature of the Medical Officer of Health.

District.
الواء

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ORIGINAL
TO BE GIVEN TO
THE PERSON NATURALIZED

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



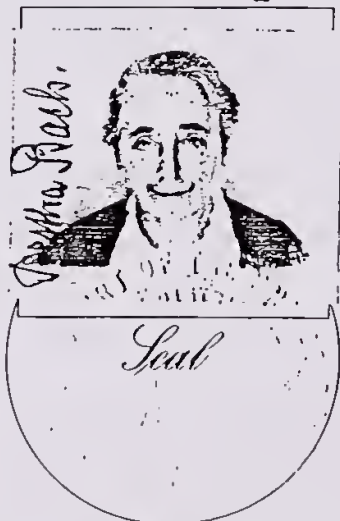
No. 7074102

NATURALIZATION

Petition No. 616285

Personal description of holder as of date of naturalization: Date of birth January 8th, 1879 sex female
complexion fair color of eyes brown color of hair grey height 5 feet 4 inches
weight 140 pounds visible distinctive marks none
Marital status widow former nationality German

I certify that the description above given is true, and that the photograph affixed hereto is a likeness of me.



Bertha Bach
(Complete and true signature of holder)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA } ss:
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Be it known that at a term of the _____ District _____ Court of
The United States
held pursuant to law at _____ New York City
on January 26th, 1953 the Court having found that

BERTHA BACH
then residing at 1455 Townsend Avenue, Bronx, New York
intends to reside permanently in the United States (when so required by the
Naturalization Laws of the United States), had in all other respects complied with
the applicable provisions of such naturalization laws, and was entitled to be
admitted to citizenship, thereupon ordered that such person be, and she was
admitted as a citizen of the United States of America.

In testimony whereof the seal of the court is hereunto affixed this 26th
day of January in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and
53 and of our Independence the one hundred
and 77th

WILLIAM V. CONNELL

Clerk of the U. S. District Court.

By *William V. Connell* Deputy Clerk.

It is a violation of the U. S. Code and
punishable as such to copy, print, photograph,
or otherwise illegally use this certificate.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DUPLICATE N^o 123452

TO BE KEPT BY APPLICANT

The University of the State of New York

THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

<i>Bertha Pad</i>
[Sign your name on this line]
<i>83 W 116 St</i>
[Address: Number and Street]
<i>New York</i>
[City]

William James
Superintendent of Schools

Be it Known that the person whose name and address are entered herein, having met the requirements prescribed in Section 168 of the Election Law, and rules and regulations of the Regents of the State of New York, and having made the signature appearing herein in the presence of the examiner, is herewith granted a CERTIFICATE OF LITERACY.

P.S. 99

[Place of Examination: School]

Queens

[Borough]

[Date]

Ross V. Shone

[Examiner's Signature]

56.8.51

[File No.]

James L. Allen, Jr.
Commissioner of Education

NOTICE TO ELECTION INSPECTORS. This Duplicate Certificate of Literacy is not valid for registration. It is to be kept by the applicant as evidence of having fulfilled the literacy requirement for new voters.

Meine lieben Kinder und Enkel!

Wenn Ihr diese Zeilen lesen
werdet habe ich meine Augen für
immer geschlossen und kann keine Botschaft
mehr senden. Vor 2 Jahren schickte ich ein
Buch fort, meines letzten Willens.
Inzwischen haben sich die Zeiten geändert.
Geblieben ist - das Ihr zu Gunsten Eurer
Kinder auf einer Stelle - verpflichtet - habt.
Es ist noch immer 1500 was zunehmen
und Euch als Dank für das was
zu kaufen. Es ist möglich, das ändern
und möchte, das Ihr als Hausgeheim
1000 nimmt und Euch einen Wunsch

er füllt als Andenken an mich.
Ihr habt mich mit so viel Liebe
umgeben, wofür ich Euch nicht
genug danken kann.
Ihr wisst, dass ich im Geiste bei
Euch bin und stets sein werde, und
dass ich Euch so gerne eine kleine
Trenke bereiten möchte.

Ferner möchte ich, dass
1% meines Nachlasses vorab verteilt
werden und zwar $\frac{1}{2}$ davon an
Elvass als und je $\frac{1}{4}$ an National
Council of Jewish Women's Old Age

21 - New Garden wo ich mit
lieben Freunden angenehme Stunden
verbracht habe. Das andere 1/4 an
die Blue Card.

Kapitel ist vorausgesetzt, dass es
zur gegebenen Zeit angemessen
mit Schmuck versehen ist.

Bitte betrachte dies als einen
Kunst, nicht als bunte Papiere.
Ausserdem soll damit nicht der
Ausdruck der bedachten Begriffe
begünstigt werden.

Ich weiss, Du weisst alles
zu machen, wie es in meinem
Garten ist.

Kew Gardens, 10. März

1863.
Bertha Bach.

Ich, meine Compagnien
soll ich meinen Rind, Linsenger
zu sein ist. Keine zum Schreibe
nicht kommen und ich meine Lieblings-
note ~~deine~~

My dear children and grandchildren:

When you read these lines I will have closed my eyes for ever and can not make decisions any more. Two years ago I wrote to you concerning my last will. Meanwhile the times have changed. What remains is that you have renounced your inheritance-share in favor of your children. I ask you then to take out \$500 and to buy something for yourselves in my memory. I want to change this and want you to take \$1,000 as a house-present to fulfill a wish as a memory for me. You have surrounded me with so much love that I can not thank you enough.

You know that I am in spirit with you and will always be and that I would so much like to give you a little pleasure.

Furthermore I want 1% of my estate to be taken off first to be divided:

$\frac{1}{2}$ to Hadassah, $\frac{1}{4}$ to the National Council of Jewish Women's Old Age Club, Kew Gardens where I have spent agreeable hours with dear friends, and $\frac{1}{4}$ to the Blue Card.

This is provided that at the resp. time this appears to be appropriate and to make sense. Please consider this as a wish, not as a binding disposition. In particular this is not supposed to establish a claim by the resp. organizations. I know you will handle all that as it is in my sense.

Kew Gardens, October 10, 1963

Bertha Bach

From my jewelry Suse should get my diamond pendant on which the stone can be screwed off and Ruth my favorite brooch.

1111 1222 3333 4444 5555 6666 7777 8888 9999 0000

NOV 18 1966

— 200 —

This is to certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a record in my custody

BY

Elyria Beach
BOROUGH RECORDS

NOTICE: In issuing this transcript of the Record, the Department of Health of the City of New York does not certify to the truth of the statements made thereon, as no inquiry as to the facts has been provided by law.

Geburtsurkunde.

Nr. 101.

C a n n a t t - am 12. April - - - - - 1910.

Vor dem unterzeichneten Standesbeamten erschien heute, der Persönlichkeit nach
 ----- be-
 kannt, der Kaufmann Hermann M a y o r, -----
 wohnhaft in Stuttgart-Cannstatt, Puchendorferstraße Nr. 35,
 ----- jüdischer - Religion, und zeigte an, daß von der
 Frau M a y o r, geborenen Hirsch, seiner Ehefrau, -
 ----- jüdischer Religion,
 wohnhaft bei ihm, -----
 zu Stuttgart-Cannstatt in seiner Wohnung -----
 am ----- neunten April ----- des Jahres
 tausend neunhundert und zehn, -----
 um zwölf ein Viertel ----- Uhr ein Mädchen, -----
 geboren worden sei und daß das Kind ----- die Vornamen
 ----- Eva Lisa hat -----
 erhalten habe. -----

 Vorgelesen, geprüft und unterschrieben. -----
 ----- Hermann Mayor. -----

Der Standesbeamte.

H a B.

Top vorstehender Aussage mit dem Meckels-Saupt-Register des Standesamts
 zu Stuttgart-Cannstatt -----
 gleichlautend ist, nach hiermit bestätigt.

Stuttgart, den 12. Januar ----- 1910.

Der Standesbeamte.

J. V.

R. D. Bach
Birth - Certificate

Geburtsurkunde.

Nr. 5371.

Stuttgart am 16. Dezember - - - - 1904

Vor dem unterzeichneten Standesbeamten erschien heute, der Persönlichkeit nach durch früheren Eintrag

anerkannt, der Kaufmann Albert B a c h.

wohnhaft in Stuttgart, Danneckerstrasse 14.

israelitischer Religion, und zeigte an, daß von der Bertha B a c h geborenen Samson, seiner Ehefrau,

israelitischer Religion, wohnhaft bei ihm,

zu Stuttgart in seiner Wohnung

am fünfzehn den Dezember des Jahres tausend neunhundert vier

um fünf dreiviertel Uhr ein Knabe

geboren worden sei und daß das Kind den Vornamen

Rudolf

erhalten habe.

Vorgelesen, genehmigt und unterschrieben.

Albert Bach.

Der Standesbeamte.

In Vertretung Heinzelmann.

Daß vorsehender Auszug mit dem Geburts-Haupt-Register des Standesamts zu Stuttgart gleichlautend ist, wird hiermit bestätigt.

Stuttgart am 21. April - - - - 1926

Der Standesbeamte.

Gebühr:

608



In Vertretung

Heinrich

Postkarte



Frauen Rudi Bach

Postkarte 14. III

zu deinem morgigen Geburtstag
gratuliere dir herzlich und wünsche
dass du gesund und glücklich zu
deinem 7ten Geburtstag wirst. Alles Gute
von uns. Dein Onkel
L. Bach

Stuttgart 14. Dec. 1911

David Bach to Rudi Bach's 7th birthday

To your birthday tomorrow heartily congratulates you and wishes
that you remain healthy and good as a joy to your dear parents
and to all of us

One of your two grampas

Stuttgart, Dec. 14, 1911

Which one?

GYMNASIUM

Eberhard-Ludwigs-Gymnasium
Stuttgart, Holzgartenstr. 11.

(WÜRTTEMBERG)

REIFEZEUGNIS

Dem Schüler *Rudolf Lenz*
geboren den *15. September 1908* in *Stuttgart*
OA. *Stuttgart* *ist.* Bekenntnisses, Sohn des
Friedrich Lenz in Stuttgart
OA. *Stuttgart*, der im Jahre *1918* in das Gymnasium
eingetreten ist und die Klasse IX (Oberprima) *1* Jahr besucht hat,
sind bei der diesjährigen Reifeprüfung folgende Zeugnisse ausgestellt worden:

I. Verhalten	<i>gut</i>
Fleiß	<i>sehr gut</i>
Wissenschaftliches Interesse	<i>sehr gut</i>
II. Kenntnisse und Fertigkeiten in den Pflichtfächern:	
Religion	<i>gut</i>
Deutscher Aufsatz	<i>gut</i>
Geschichte der deutschen Literatur	<i>sehr gut</i>
Einführung in die Philosophie	<i>befriedigend</i>
Lateinische Sprache	<i>gut</i>
Griechische Sprache	<i>gut</i>
Französische Sprache	<i>befriedigend</i>
Geschichte mit Erdkunde	<i>gut</i>
Mathematik	<i>befriedigend</i>
Naturgeschichte	<i>gut</i>
Turnen	<i>gut</i>
III. Kenntnisse und Fertigkeiten in wahl- freien Fächern:	
Hebräische Sprache	
Englische Sprache	
Zeichnen	<i>unbefriedigend</i>

Die Prüfungskommission hat ihm das

ZEUGNIS DER REIFE

mit dem Gesamtzeugnis „*sehr gut*“ erteilt.

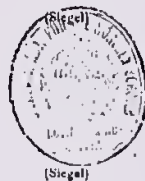
Er beabsichtigt, sich dem Studium der *Mathematik*
Lehrer zu widmen.

Stuttgart, den *6. März* 19*22*

Prüfungskommission:

Der Prüfungskommissär:

Lunz



Der Rektor:

Rektor



Die Lehrer:

Dr. H. K.

Dr. K.

Dr. K.

Dr. K.

Schmid

Dr. K.

Dr. K.

Dr. K.

STUFENLEITER DER EINZEL-ZEUGNISSE:

In Verhalten, Fleiss und wissenschaftlichem Interesse:

sehr gut

gut

genügend

ungenügend

In den Kenntnissen:

vorzüglich

sehr gut

gut

befriedigend

genügend

nicht ganz genügend

ungenügend

ganz ungenügend

SPORTELMARK 50 MARK — ABSCHRIFT 50 PF.

Certificate of Maturity

The student Rudolf Bach, born 12/15/1904 in Stuttgart, of isr.
Religion, son of the manufacturer Albert Bach in Stuttgart, who
has entered the gymnasium in 1912 and been in class IX (Oberprima)
for one year has in this year's examination of maturity received
the following marks:

1. Conduct: good Industry: very good Scientific interest: very good
2. Knowledge and skills in compulsory subjects:

Religion-
German Composition . . .	good
History of German Lit. .	good
Introduction into philo.	very good
Latin language	satisfactory
Greek language	good
French language	good
History with geography .	satisfactory
Mathematics	good
Science	satisfactory
Gymnastics	good

Sequence of marks in (1)
very good, good, sufficient, insufficient
in (2) and (3)
excellent, very good, good satisfactory, sufficient, not quite sufficient, insufficient, totally in- sufficient

3. Knowledge and skills in chosen subjects:
- | | |
|----------------------------|----|
| Hebrew language | .- |
| English language | .- |
| Drafting | .- |

The examination commission has granted him the Certificate of
Maturity with the overall mark "GOOD". He intends to devote himself
to (the studium of crossed off) the commercial profession.
Stuttgart, March 6, 1922 signed by the exam-commissioner, the principal
and all teachers

Municipal Trade School
Städtische Gewerbeschule Stuttgart Torstrasse 8.

Examination - Certificate

Prüfungszertifikat.

Herr *Rudolf Bach*

geboren am *15. September 1904 in Stuttgart*

hat den freiwilligen Kurs in Textilkunde für Kaufleute und
Manufakturisten vom *30. April bis 8. Oktober 1923*

mit jen. F. Schulbesuch

besucht und die Abschlussprüfung mit folgendem Erfolg bestanden.

Warenkunde und Bindungslehre: *sehr gut*

Materiallehre und Materialbestimmung: *gut & sehr gut*

Berechnung und Kalkulation: *gut & sehr gut*

Schulbesuch: *sehr gut*

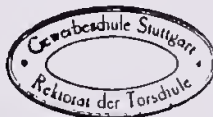
Fleiss: *sehr gut*

Betragen: *ohne Fehl.*

Stuttgart, den *15. Oktober* 1923.

Der Fachoberlehrer:

Wilhelm Spinner



Der Direktor:

Bach

Marks: very good, good, satisfactory, sufficient, insufficient

Zeugnisstufen: sehr gut, gut, befriedigend, genügend, ungenügend.

. . . has attended the voluntary course in Textile Science with seven hours per week
for merchants and dealers from April 30 to October 8, 1923 and passed the final examination
with the following result:

Expertise in fabrics and weaves: very good

Knowledge and determination of material: very good/good

Figuring and calculation: very good/good

Attendance: very good

Industry: very good

Conduit: blame-free

Technische Hochschule Stuttgart.

Besuchs-Bescheinigung.

Attendance - Certificate

Dem Herrn Rudolf Bach von Stuttgart,

wird hierdurch bestätigt, daß er an der hiesigen Technischen Hochschule
confirmed that he was immatriculated on the local Technical Highschool (College)
als Gasthörer für folgende Fächer eingeschrieben war: for the following courses:

Sommerhalbjahr 1923: Summer - Semester

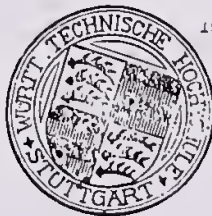
Nationalökonomie I, 4 Stunden Vortrag	Professor Dr. v. Fistorius
Social Economics 4 hours lecture	
Romanische Malerei u. Plastik, 1 Stunde V.	" Dr. Baum
Romanesque Painting & Sculpture 1 hour lecture	
Zusammenarbeit der bildenden Künste in der Gegenwart, 2 Stunden Vortr.	" Dr. Hildebrandt.
Cooperation of the Forming Arts at the present time - 2 hrs lecture	

Zur Beurkundung:

Stuttgart, den 19. März 1924.

Sekretariat der Techn. Hochschule

Zeichnungsrat:



Dommer

3638. 114.

TECHNISCHE HOCHSCHULE
ZU
STUTT GART

ABGANGS-ZEUGNIS

LEAVING CERTIFICATE

Herr Adolf Buch

geboren am 15. December 1904 zu Stuttgart

welcher der hiesigen Technischen Hochschule als ordentlicher Studierender
der Abteilung für allgemeine Wissenschaften im Winterhalbjahr
1923/24 angehört,

hat während dieser Zeit die umstehend aufgeführten Vorlesungen und Übungen belegt.

Über seine Führung während seiner Zugehörigkeit zur Hochschule ist nichts Nach-
teiliges bekannt geworden.

STUTT GART, den 19. März 1924.

REKTOR:

REGIERUNGSRAT:

[Signature]

[Signature]

... who has been an ordinary student of the Dep't of General Sciences
during the winter-semester 1923/4 and has during this time attended
the lectures and seminars enumerated on the reverse side hereof.

Gebühr: 1,5 M.

Vorz.Nr.: 121.

About his conduit during the time of his membership
of the College nothing disadvantageous has
become known.

Lehrgegenstand	Dozent
----------------	--------

Winterhalbjahr 1923:

Allgemeine Nationalökonomie II, Votr.

Prärenaissance, Votr.

Deutsche Plastik, Votr.

Musikgeschichte (Bruckners Symphonien) Votr.

Professor Dr. v. Pistorius

" Dr. Baum

derselle

Organist Keller.

Für diesen Auszug!

Stuttgart, den 19. März 1924.

Sekretariat der Techn. Hochschule
Rechnungsrat:



Dörries

Winter-Semester 1923

Général Social Economics

Early Renaissance

German Sculpture

History of Music (Bruckner's Symphonies)

Prof. Dr. v. Pistorius

" " Baum

" " Baum

Organist Keller

May this be with luck and favor
QVOD FELIX FAVSTVMQVE SIT

under the rectorship of RECTORE

GVSTAVO ROETHE

PHILOSOPHIAE DOCTORE ORDINIS PHILOSOPHORVM PROFESSORE PVBLICO ORDINARIO

Doctor of Philosophy

Rudolf Bach

and ordinary full professor

Wuerttembergensis

from Wuerttemberg

Studiosus

phil.

student of philosophy

has by giving his right hand in place of an oath promised his faithfulness, obedience and reverence to the laws and ordinances of the Frederic William University of Berlin and has thereupon been data dextra iurisiurandi loco legibus magistratibusque academicis fidem oboedientiam reverentiam pollicitus numero civium Universitatis Fridericae Guillelmae Berolinensis legitime adscriptus est. Cuius rei testes hasce litteras sigillo Universitatis munitas et Rectoris manu admittit as a legitimate citizen of the subscriptas accepit. university. As proof thereof this document has been equipped with the seal of the university and the signature of the rector.



D. Berolini d. *1.* mens. *Maii* anni MDCCCXXIV. May 1, 1924

Inscr. in ord.

phil. 1517

Berol.

s. s. 24.

Pompey

Roethe

Hartkes Private Cutting School

HARTKES PRIVAT- ZUSCHNEIDE-SCHULE

Inh.: Hedwig Hartke

BERLIN C2, SCHLOSSPLATZ 3

Fachwissenschaftliches Lehrinstitut für die gesamte moderne Damen-
Schneiderei, Pelz- und Wäldkonfektion sowie Kindergarderobe

Branch-scientific school for the whole modern Ladies' dress-,
fur-, lingerie- and childrens clothing industry

ZEUGNIS

Herr Rudolf Bach

aus *Stuttgart* hat in der Zeit
vom *1. August* bis *30. September 1924*
einen *Abend-* Kursus für *absolved an evening course*

Herrnwasche for men's shirts

and received for his accomplishments the predicate
abgeschlossen und erhielt für seine Leistungen das Prädikat:

Sehr gut very good

Berlin, den *30. September* 1924

Direktorium

H. Hartke

Abgangszeugnis

Rektor und Senat
der Friedrich-Wilhelms-Universität zu Berlin

bekunden durch dieses Abgangszeugnis, daß

Herr *Rudolf Bach*,

geboren zu *Stuttgart* am *15. Dez. 1904*

auf Grund des Zeugnisses *der Reife vom Gymnasium*
in Stuttgart

vom *1. Mai 1924*

bis zum Schluß des Winter-Semesters 1925/26

als Studierender der *Philosophie*

an unserer Universität immatrikuliert und bei der
philosophischen Fakultät eingeschrieben gewesen ist.

Die von ihm belegten Vorlesungen sind aus dem angehefteten
Anmeldebuch ersichtlich.

Ueber seine Führung ist nichts Nachteiliges bekannt geworden.

Berlin, den *29. Mai 1926*

Der Rektor
der Universität

Pauze



Der Universitäts-
sekretär

Wahmke

LEAVING CERTIFICATE

Rector and Senate of the Frederic William University of Berlin certify through this Leaving Certificate that Mr. Rudolf Bach born in Stuttgart on Dec. 15, 1904 has been on the basis of a certificate of maturity from the gymnasium in Stuttgart immatriculated in our University in the faculty of Philosophy as a Philosophy student from May 1, 1924 to the end of the winter-semester 1925/6.

The lectures he visited can be seen from the attached report-book.

About his conduct nothing disadvantageous has been heard.

Berlin, May 29, 1926

74

M Allgemeine Gebühren.

Sommer - Winter - Semester 1925

(Example - 1 of 3)

Lfd. Nr.	Lehrer und Vorlesungen	Mark	Vermerk des Quästors	Eigenhändige Einzeichnung des Lehrers: Anmeldung, Datum und Platznummer Abmeldung und Datum*)	
1.	Bei Herrn Prof. Dr. Neustbaum Legal base of the German currency Rechtsgrundlagen der deutschen Währ. 1. Std.	-		Nb 19/6	
2.	Bei Herrn the same derselbe Wechsel- und Bankrecht 1. Std.	2,50	15,50	Nb 29/6	
3.	Bei Herrn derselbe Exercises in Civil Law for beginners Übungen im bürgerl. Recht für Anf. 2. Std.	8		Nb 19/6	
4.	Bei Herrn Prof. Dr. Wagemann Konjunkturlehre & Krisentheorie 2. Std. Trade cycles and crisis theory	5		Nb 9/6	
5.	Bei Herrn Prof. Dr. Meerwarth Volkswirtsch. und statist. Üben. 1/2 Std. Social economy and statistical exercises	✓		Nb 29/5	
6.	Bei Herrn				
7.	Bei Herrn				
8.	Bei Herrn				

*) Die Abmeldung bleibt für
Übungen aller Art, soweit
nicht besondere Zeugnisse
über die Teilnahme an
denselben ausgestellt sind,
bestehen.

Das Anmeldebuch ist sorgfältig zu führen, da es später in das Abgangszeugnis eingeklebt wird.

Engagement Announcement

DIE VERLOBUNG IHRER KINDER
RUTH UND RUDI ZEIGEN AN

RUTH MAYER

RUDI BACH

VERLOBTE

HERMANN MAYER
UND FRAU ROSA, GEB. HIRSCH

ALBERT BACH
UND FRAU BERTHA, GEB. SAMSON

STUTTGART

SATTLERSTR. 25

DANNECKERSTR. 14

STUTTGART, DEZEMBER 1928

IHRE AUFMERKSAMKEIT
ZU UNSERER VERLOBUNG
HAT UNS SEHR ERFREUT.
WIR SAGEN IHNEN HERZ-
LICHSTEN DANK DAFÜR.

RUTH MAYER
RUDI BACH

STUTTGART, JANUAR 1929

Thank-you note for engagement presents

B.

28. 11. 1873.

(Ausgleichsamt, Nr. 5716)

_____ Stuttgart am _____

Der dem unterzeichneten Standesbeamten erschienen heute zum Zwecke der
 Ehrlichklärung:

1. der Herrmann Rüdolf Bach,

der Persönlichkeit nach Herrmann Rüdolf Bach,

geboren am _____

des Jahres tausend _____

an Stuttgart,

Geburtsregister Nr. 5371 des Standesamts in Stuttgart,

wohnhaft in Stuttgart, Hundsgasse Nr. 14.

2. die Herrin Rüdolf Mayer, geb.
 Herrin

der Persönlichkeit nach Herrin Mayer,

geboren am _____

des Jahres tausend _____

an Stuttgart - Cannstatt,

Geburtsregister Nr. 214 des Standesamts in Cannstatt,

wohnhaft in Stuttgart, Dillweg Nr. 20.

2878

Als Zeugen waren ausgerufen und erschienen:

1. Herr Substitut Elbert Bach,

der Persönlichkeit nach Herrmann Rüdolf Bach,

60 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Stuttgart

2. Herr Substitut Hermann
 Mayer,

der Persönlichkeit nach Herrmann Mayer,

51 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Stuttgart

Der Standesbeamte richtete an die Verlobten einzeln und nach-
 einander die Frage:

ob sie die Ehe miteinander eingehen wollen.

Die Verlobten bejahten diese Frage, und der Standesbeamte
 sprach hierauf aus,

daß sie jetzt des Bürgerlichen Ehebuchs nunmehr rechtmäßig
 verbundene Eheleute seien.

Vorgelesen, genehmigt und unterschrieben:

Herrmann Rüdolf Bach,

Rüdolf Bach geb. Herrmann Mayer,

Elbert Bach,

Herrmann Mayer.

Der Standesbeamte.

Herrmann Rüdolf Bach
 Herrmann Mayer

28. 11. 1873

Stuttgart, November 28, 1929

Before the undersigned registrar appeared today for the purpose of marrying

- 1) the merchant Rudolf Bach, his personality acknowledged by the marriage-papers, born Dec. 15, 1904 in Stuttgart, birth register #5371 of the Stuttgart registry, residing at 14 Dannecker Street, Stuttgart,
- 2) Caecilie Ruth Mayer, without profession, her personality acknowledged as above, born April 9, 1910, in Stuttgart - Cannstatt, birth-register #264 of the Cannstatt registry, residing at 25 Sattler Street, Stuttgart

As witnesses appeared and were present

- 3) the manufacturer Albert Bach, his personality acknowledged by earlier registration, 60 years old, residing in Stuttgart,
- 4) the manufacturer Hermann Mayer, his pe-sonality known, 51 years old, residing in Stuttgart.

The registrar asked the betrothed singly and one after another whether they wanted to enter into marriage with one another. The betrothed gave an affirmative answer and the registrar pronounced thereupon that they are now in accordance with the code of civil law a legally married couple.

Read aloud, approved and signed (signatures)

Stadtrabbinat Stuttgart

Stuttgart, den 1. December 1929.

בשעת חתום יתכן!

Journal Nr.

Beil.

Betreff:

Trauungsurkunde. MARRIAGE - CERTIFICATE

Am Sonntag den 28. Marcheshvan 5690, d. i. 12. December 1929 nach der jüdischen
 Zeitrechnung, ist das Brautpaar: Herr Rudolf Bach אברהם דוד בן אברהם
 und Fräulein Ruth Caecilie Mayer צפורה בת חיים nach zuvor vollzogener standesamtlicher Trauung
 in Gegenwart der mit unterzeichneten Zeugen im Gotteshaus der Stuttgarter Religionsgemeinde
 rechtsgültig nach den Vorschriften der mosaischen Religion

כדת משה וישראל

getraut worden. Möge der Ehebund glücklich und reich gesegnet sein!

Stuttgart, am 28. Marcheshvan 5690.



Abraham D. Rieger.

City Rabbi Dr. Rieger

Zeugen. Witnesses

1. Meyer.
 2. Krämer

Sunday, 28 Marcheshvan 5690, i.e. 12/1/1929

after the civil calendar, the betrothed couple Mr. Rudolf Bach (in Hebrew: David ben Abraham) and Miss Ruth Caecilie Mayer (in Hebrew: Zipora bat Chaim) has been legally married after preceding civil registration in the presence of the under-
 signed witnesses in the synagogue of the Stuttgart community in accordance with
 the prescriptions of the mosaic religion (repeated in Hebrew).

May the marriage be happy and richly blessed!

Stuttgart 28 November 1929

Liebe Kinder!

Wie ich jetzt das Wort ergreife, so gesteht das, um meiner dankbaren Sinne darüber Bewußt zu geben, daß ich Jünger sein dürfte eines bitterseitigen Despondenz, als gute Kameraden für den Lebensweg künftighin gemeinsam zu gehen. Es fühlte mir die Worte, um Euch zu sagen, welch' innige Wünsche von uns Eltern Euch für diesen Lebensweg begleiten. Wir können Euch in Gedanken Kopfen auf einen Pfad und verlassen vom Himmel alles Böse und Gute für Euch.

Und, o. Rudi, nimmst du auch ein braver Sohn, du hast uns alle Wünsche und Gedanken von den Augen abgelenkt und nun mit ein vernünftiges Gefühl befüllt, daß du das Katastrophen vermeiden wirst, so wird es gemildert von dem Gedanken, daß wir nun einen Sohn gesehen haben, der uns alle Liebe mitgeben können wollen, mit der wir auch Euch umgeben. Wir sagen dir Zuerst, daß wir dir eine kleine Lebensgefährtin finden wird, die in gleichmäßiger Überzeugung bin, daß du sie auf Händen tragen und ist mit all' einem Eifer, einem Hinstand, und mit einem festen und feinen Wapen in Man nach ihrem Herzen sein wird.

Es ist eine der schönsten Traditionen der Familie Bach, die Furcht, die Harmonie und der Frieden in der Familie über Alles zu stellen. Das ist nicht nur leicht und wenn ich Euch den Wunsch mit auf den Lebensweg gebe, diese Tradition weiter zu pflegen, so pflegt ich auch selbstverständlich die

vergliehen Leziesungen zwischen den Familien
Bach und Mayer mit ein, die eine Gutsort sein
sollten für ihre Güter (fr. Ein altes Gutsort
heißt: „Der Degen der Eltern heißt der Rintzen
Gänse“. Es müßte so sein gegangen: „Die Eintracht
erhält sie.“

Und nun will ich pflücken, indem ich all meine
guten Wünsche und Hoffnungen zusammenfasse in die
Worte: Das junge Paar soll leben!

Gedruckt von Herrn Vater.

Speech of Albert Bach at the Wedding of Rudi and Ruth Bach 12/1/1929

Stuttgart, 11/28/1929

My dear children:

When I take the word now I am doing so to express my grateful joy that I could be a witness to your mutual promise to go on your future life's way together as good comrades. I don't have the words to tell you how fervent the wishes from us parents are that accompany you on this way through life. In our thoughts we strew roses on your path and ask heaven for all that is beautiful and good for your union.

You, Rudi, have always been a good son to us. You have read our thoughts and wishes from our eyes and when we have a melancholy feeling about your now leaving your parental home it is being softened by the thought that we have gained a daughter to whom we are extending all the love we have for you. We are convinced that she will be a faithful life-partner for you. I am equally certain that you will treat her with great consideration and that with all your cheerfulness, your understanding, your happy and sunny disposition you will not fail to please her.

It is one of the finest traditions in the Bach family to put the greatest value on unity, harmony and peace in the family. This is not always easy and when I pass on to you the wish for your way through life that you continue this tradition I enclose in it of course the cordial connection between the Bach and Mayer families which should be a guarantee for your good marriage. It is an old saying that the parents' blessing builds houses for the children. I may add: harmony preserves them.

And now let me end by summing up my good wishes and hopes in the words: A cheer to the young couple!

dedicated by your father

Stuttgart, den 1. Juli 1930.
Sofienstraße 26

P. P.

Am heutigen Tage tritt der Senlorchef unseres Hauses

Herr Albert Bach

nach 38jähriger Tätigkeit als Teilhaber zurück. An seiner Stelle wird sein Sohn

Herr Rudolf Bach

Mitlinhaber der Firma.

Zu unserer Freude bleibt uns die bewährte Kraft des Seniors unseres Unternehmens erhalten, indem wir Herrn Albert Bach Prokura erteilen. Er wird uns so auch weiterhin mit Rat und Tat unterstützen. Herr Rudolf Bach ist schon seit einigen Jahren in unserer Firma tätig; es wird sein Bestreben sein, im Verein mit unserem Herrn Ludwig Bach und den selbsterfahrenen Mitarbeitern die bald 75jährige Tradition des Hauses im gleichen Geist fortzusetzen.

Bei dieser Gelegenheit danken wir Ihnen für das Vertrauen, welches Sie uns bisher entgegengebracht haben und bitten Sie, uns dieses auch weiterhin zu bewahren.

Umstehend geben wir Ihnen Kenntnis von den nunmehr gültigen Unterschriften und empfehlen uns

hochachtungsvoll

D. Bach & Söhne.

After 38 years' activity the senior principal of our company

Mr. Albert Bach

is as of this day resigning as a partner. In his stead his son

Mr. Rudolf Bach

becomes co-owner of the firm.

We are glad that the proved strength of the senior of our enterprise will still be at our disposal as we are giving Mr. Albert Bach power of attorney (right of signature). He will thus continue to support us with his counsel and energy. Mr. Rudolf Bach has already for several years been active in our company. He will endeavor, together with Mr. Ludwig Bach and our present well-tested co-workers to continue the close to 75 years' tradition of our house in the same spirit.

We take this opportunity to thank you for the trust and confidence you showed us up to now and ask you to continue granting the same to us in the future.

On the adjoining page we are submitting to you the now valid signatures and remain

Yours very truly
D. Bach & Sons

Herr Ludwig Bach wird zeichnen:
will sign:

P. Bach & Söhne.

Herr Rudolf Bach wird zeichnen:

Wachslohne

Herr Albert Bach wird zeichnen:

ppa Albert Bach

Herr Wilhelm Hümmel wird zeichnen:

Hr Hümmel



Stuttgart, 15. April 1936.

Mit dem heutigen Tage haben wir unser Geschäft an Herrn

Richard Landenberger

verkauft, der es unter der seitherigen Firma in gleicher Weise weiterführen wird.

Die seitherigen Unterschriften sind damit erloschen. Zahlungen bitten wir wie bisher an die Firma zu leisten; die Verbindlichkeiten bis zum heutigen Tag werden von uns beglichen.

Unser Unternehmen besteht seit nahezu 80 Jahren und drei Generationen unserer Familie haben sich seinem Aufbau gewidmet. In dieser langen Zeit, in guten und schweren Tagen, haben wir von unseren Kunden und unseren Lieferanten ein überreiches Maß an Vertrauen und Wohlwollen erfahren und darin stets eine Bestätigung der Grundsätze gesehen, nach denen wir unser Geschäft geführt haben. Es ist uns ein Bedürfnis, heute allen unseren Geschäftsfreunden, mit denen uns vielfach herzliche persönliche Beziehungen verbinden, aufrichtigen Dank zu sagen.

Wir bitten Sie, in gleichem Geist mit unserem Nachfolger zusammenzuarbeiten und nehmen von Ihnen Abschied mit aufrichtigen Wünschen für die weitere Entwicklung Ihres Unternehmens.

D. Badt & Söhne

Inhaber Ludwig und Rudolf Badt

Stuttgart, April 15, 1936

As of this day we have sold our business to

Mr. Richard Landenberger

who will continue it in the same manner under its present name.

The hitherto valid signatures are thereby cancelled. We request payments to be made to the company as hitherto; obligations up to this day will be fulfilled by ourselves.

Our enterprise has been in existence for over eighty years and three generations of our family have devoted themselves to its build-up. In this long time, in good and in difficult days, we have experienced from our customers and our suppliers an abundant amount of trust and goodwill. We have seen therein confirmation of the principles which have guided us in the management of our business. We feel compelled to convey today our sincere thanks to all our business-friends with many of whom we have close personal ties.

We are asking you to cooperate in the same spirit with our successor and say good-bye to you with sincere wishes for the further development of your enterprise.

D. Bach & Sons

Owners: Ludwig and Rudolf Bach



Stuttgart, 15. April 1936.

Wie Sie aus nebenstehendem Schreiben ersehen, habe ich
mit dem heutigen Tag die

Herrenwäschefabrik D. Bach & Söhne, Stuttgart

käuflich erworben.

Alle der Firma erteilten Aufträge werden fristgemäß geliefert,
wie ich auch in die von meinen Vorgängern erteilten Bestel-
lungen eintrete. Von den entstehenden Unterschriften wollen
Sie gefl. Kenntnis nehmen.

Es wird mein Bestreben sein, den guten Namen der Firma, den
sich meine Vorgänger durch zuverlässige Bedienung und ein
erstklassiges Fabrikat geschaffen haben auch weiterhin zu er-
halten. Die eingearbeitete Gefolgschaft, die ausnahmslos in
der Firma verbleibt und insbesondere der langjährige Prokurist
Herr Wilhelm Hummel werden mich bei der Weiter-
führung des Geschäfts tatkräftig unterstützen.

Ich bitte Sie daher, meinem Unternehmen Ihr Vertrauen und
Wohlwollen auch fernerhin zu bewahren.

Mit deutschem Gruß!

Richard Landenberger

Herr Richard Landenberger wird zeichnen:

Herr Wilhelm Hummel wird zeichnen:

466

Stuttgart, April 15, 1936

As you will note from the attached letter I have as of this day purchased the Mens Shirts Factory D. BACH & SONS, Stuttgart.

All orders placed with the company will be punctually filled and I am taking over all purchases made by my predecessors. Please take note of the signatures shown hereunder.

It will be my endeavor to maintain the good name of the company which my predecessors have created through reliable service and a first-rate product. The well trained personnel which will without exception remain with the company and especially the procurist *) of long standing, Mr. Wilhelm Hummel, will energetically support me in the continuation of the business.

I request you therefore to continue your trust and goodwill for my enterprise.

With German salutation!

Richard Landenberger

Richard Landenberger will sign:

Wilhelm Hummel will sign: p.ppa (=per procura)*)

*).. Procurist means having the power to sign for the company;
Procura designates rank rather than job.

PARTICULARS RELATING TO APPLICANT.

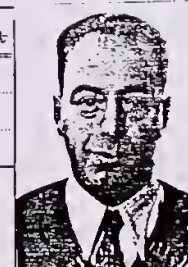
אوصاف الطالب او الطالبة

פרטים בנוגע לכבדקס(ח)

Place and date of birth Stuttgart, Germany; 15.12.1904 مكان وتاريخ الولادة شتوتגרט, גרמניה;
 מקום הולדתו(ה) ויום הולדתו(ה)
 Nationality German الجنسية גרמנית
 מדינות(ה)
 Trade or occupation Commission Agent סוכן מסחרי
 مهنة او المنة
 Unmarried, married, widowed or divorced Married נשוי
 غير متزوج او غير متزوجة, متزوج او متزوجة, ارملة او ارملة, مطلق او مطلقه
 בלתי נשוי(נאה), נשוי(ה), אלבן(נה) או גרושה(ה)
 Name of wife Cecillie Ruth, maiden name MAYER اسم الزوجة - צציליה רות לבית סייג
 שם אשתו



Names of Children	סמות הילדים	اسماء الأولاد	Dates of Birth	تاريخ ولادتهم	יסמות הולדתם
Klaus Michael		קלאוס מיכאל	2.10.1931		
Doris Eva		דוריס חנה	30.3.1934		
Ruchel		רחל	6.4.1937		



Sworn or affirmed and subscribed this

(Signature)

Twenty sixth

day of February, 1938

(Title)

INSPECTOR OF IMMIGRATION,
TEL AVIV IMMIGRATION OFFICE.

Signature of holder

חבולף האג

Issued under Authority
of the
General Officer Commanding
the
Forces in Palestine.

May be withdrawn at any time
without any reason being given.

GPP. 7643-10,000-27 2-89

Serial No. C

14493

DEFENCE REGULATIONS.

ROAD• }
RAIL• } PASS.

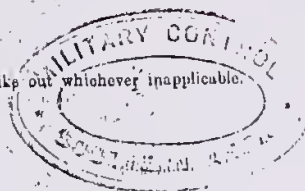
Issued at

Yel Aviv

Date of Issue

28-3-39

*Strike out whichever inapplicable.



GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE

IDENTITY CARD

GPP. 6845-50,000-29-10-58 878/8.

MANUFACTURER'S ASSOCIATION OF PALESTINE

HEAD OFFICE

73, Nachlat Benyamin St. TEL-AVIV



במשורה נא להזכיר
In reply please quote

No. 2465/1615

התאחדות בעלי התעשיה בארץ-ישראל
המרכז

תל-אביב: רחוב נחלת בנימין 73

HAIFA BRANCH סניף חיפה
New Commercial Centre מרכז מסחרי חדש
Phone 1162 טלפון 1162 P.O. B. 639 ת.ד. 639
JERUSALEM BRANCH סניף ירושלים
Ben-Yehuda st. רח' בן-יהודה
Phone 1749 טלפון 1749 P.O. B. 526 ת.ד. 526

TEL-AVIV, July 7th, 1938.
טלפון 530

תל-אביב
P.O. B. 297 ת.ד. 297

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

This will serve to introduce

Mr. Rudolph BACH,
who is proceeding abroad to study various industrial
branches, among them the problem of uniform clothing,
(fabrics, style) in schools, etc.

We shall be grateful if all possible assistance
be accorded Mr. Bach in his task.



MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION OF
PALESTINE

GENERAL SECRETARY.

DAVID ROSOLIO A.L.A.A.
Certified Accountant / Auditor
Associate Association of Certified and
Corporate Accountants

דוד רוזוליו A.L.A.A.
רואה חשבון מוסמך ומבקר
חבר אנדרת החשבונאים המוסמכים והמבקרים
(לונדון)

TEL-AVIV, 16th May 1943. תל-אביב.
18, Rothschild Boulevard. שדרות רוטשילד 18, טלפון 2985

File No.

תיק מס'

To Whom It May Concern

Mr. Rudolf Bach.

was employed in my office in the capacity of audit-assistant from the 8th October 1942 till the 30th April 1943. The scope of his work comprised the audit of books and accounts of various and diversified enterprises, summarising accounts, compilation and audit of profit and loss accounts and balance sheets. Mr. Bach was occupied also with special investigations and calculations of cost price, and with the summing up of audit results in reports forwarded to clients.

Mr. Bach fitted himself admirably into the frame of the profession which from the outset was new to him. He displayed the important quality of quick and penetrating understanding. His wide experience in the field of business and economics substantially assisted him in finding his way into the general problems of audit as well as the special requirements of the individual enterprise. His sound advice was in many cases welcomed by clients. He carried out his work and conducted himself to my complete satisfaction in all and every respect. He distinguished himself as a diligent, conscientious and highly trustworthy employee.

Mr. Bach left my office on his own motion in order to accept a post in an industrial enterprise. I regret to be thus deprived of his good offices, and wish him best success in his future carrier.

.....David Rosolio.....

(-) David Rosolio A.L.A.A.

Certified Accountant - Auditor.



PALESTINE COSMETIC CO. LTD.

OFFICE OF THE
MANAGEMENT

January 31, 1947

To Whom It May Concern !


Mr. Rudolf Bach has been the commercial director of our firm from 1st April 1943 till 31st January 1947. This was an extremely difficult post at a time during which we had to face the various problems of the troubled war- and postwar-periods.

Mr. Bach was more than equal to this complicated task so that to a large extent the successful development of our enterprise during this time is due to him.

Clear thinking and the ability convincingly to express his ideas, the art of negotiating and of handling people and - not last - outstanding personal qualities are the characteristics of Mr. Bach. A general education of a very high standard, far-reaching business-experience and unusual technical understanding enable him to fill within a very short time any position even in a line which may be new to him.

We have been proud to have Mr. Bach as a member of our staff and deeply regret his decision to emigrate to the United States. The gap his leaving means for us will not easily be filled.

TAYA PALESTINE COSMETIC CO. LTD.


Manager

TEL-AVIV, (PALESTINE) / P. O. B. 1483 / PHONE 3715

15

State of *New York*

County of *Queens*

ss.:

On the *30* day of *March* in the year
one thousand nine hundred and *fifty*

before me personally came

Hezron Hagen
Rudolph Bach

to me known, and known to me to be the individuals described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and *they* acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

Murray B. Silberman

MURRAY B. SILBERMAN
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW YORK
No. 24-3485300 Qual. in Kings County
Exp. Filed in Kings Co. Clk's & Rec. Off.
Can. Filed in Queens Co. Clk's & Rec. Off.
EXPIRATION DATE MARCH 10, 1958

HEZRON HAGEN

and

RUDOLPH BACH

Article of
Co-Partnership

Dated, November 7, 1947

Articles of Agreement,

Made the seventh day of November one thousand nine hundred and fortyseven
Between

Mr. HERMAN MAYER 83-15 116th street Kew Gardens, L.I., N.Y.
and Mr. RUDOLPH BACH 138-08 76th Avenue Kew Gardens, L.I., N.Y.

as follows: The said parties above named have agreed to become co-partners in business,
and by these presents do agree to be co-partners
together under and by the name or firm of

HERMAN MAYER COMPANY

in the buying, selling and vending all sorts of goods, wares and
merchandise to the said business belonging, and to occupy the premises of Mr. Herman
Mayer under the above address of 83-15 116th street, Kew Gardens 15,
Long Island, New York, as their office and business-address

their co-partnership to commence on the first day of November 1947
and to continue indefinitely, i.e. until dissolved by agreement between
said partners

and to that end and purpose the said partners agree to enter an equal amount of
five hundred dollars each into this business, and to provide it with
further funds, as the business may require, on a 50 : 50 basis

to be used and employed in common between them for the support and management of the said
business, to their mutual benefit and advantage. And it is agreed by and between the parties to
these presents, that at all times during the continuance of their co-partnership, they and each of
them will give their attendance, and do their and each of their best endeavors, and to the utmost
of their skill and power, exert themselves for their joint interest, profit, benefit and advantage, and
truly employ, buy, sell, and merchandise with their joint stock, and the increase thereof, in the busi-
ness aforesaid. And also, that they shall and will at all times during the said co-partnership, bear,
pay and discharge equally between them, all rents and other expenses that may be required for the
support and management of the said business; and that all gains, profit and increase, that shall come,

grow or arise from or by means of their said business shall be divided between them, as follows:

in equal shares for each partner

and all loss that shall happen to their said joint business by ill-commodities, bad debts or otherwise shall be borne and paid between them, as follows:

in the same manner

And it is agreed by and between the said parties, that there shall be had and kept at all times during the continuance of their co-partnership, perfect, just, and true books of account, wherein each of the said co-partners shall enter and set down, as well all money by them or either of them received, paid, laid out and expended in and about the said business, as also all goods, wares, commodities and merchandise, by them or either of them, bought or sold, by reason or on account of the said business, and all other matters and things whatsoever, to the said business and the management thereof in anywise belonging; which said book shall be used in common between the said co-partners, so that either of them may have access thereto, without any interruption or hindrance of the other. And also the said co-partners, once in every year, on April 1,

or oftener if necessary, shall make, yield and render, each to the other, a true, just and perfect inventory and account of all profits and increase by them or either of them, made, and of all losses by them or either of them, sustained; and also all payments, receipts, disbursements and all other things by them made, received, disbursed, acted, done, or suffered in this said co-partnership and business; and the same account so made, shall and will clear, adjust, pay and deliver, each to the other, at the time, their just share of the profits so made as aforesaid.

And the said parties hereby mutually covenant and agree, to and with each other, that during the continuance of the said co-partnership, none of them shall nor will endorse any note, or otherwise become surety for any person or persons whomsoever, nor will sell, assign, transfer, mortgage or otherwise dispose of the business of the co-partnership, nor each of his share, title and interest therein without the written consent of the parties hereto. And at the end or other sooner termination of their co-partnership the said co-partners each to the other, shall and will make a true, just and final account of all things relating to their said business, and in all things truly adjust the same; and all and every the stock and stocks, as well as the gains and increase thereof, which shall appear to be remaining, either in money, goods, wares, fixtures, debts or otherwise, shall be divided between them as follows:

in equal shares for each partner

after the payment of the co-partnership liabilities; and should said co-partners be unable to ascertain the value of any of the assets belonging to the co-partnership at the termination of their co-partnership, the said assets shall then be sold either at private or public sale to be agreed upon by the parties hereto and a division of the proceeds of said sale shall be made as herein provided.

It is further agreed that during the continuance of the co-partnership herein, all notes, drafts or money received for and in behalf of the said co-partnership by the parties hereto shall be deposited in a bank to be agreed upon by the parties hereto and the moneys credited to said co-partnership shall only be withdrawn by check signed by

either partner

who shall also receive said notes, drafts or moneys or other orders for payment of moneys of the said co-partnership for the purpose of making said deposits.

It is further agreed that during the continuance of said co-partnership the parties hereto shall mutually agree in writing, upon a weekly allowance, to be paid to each of the parties hereto for services to be rendered, and said allowance shall be charged as an item of expense of the co-partnership business, or if otherwise agreed upon in writing may be charged against their personal interest in said business.

In the event of the death of a party hereto the following stipulations will apply:

- 1) In the event of the death of Rudolph Bach, his share shall fall to his heir(s). The surviving co-partner will, in this event, carry on the business in the best interest of all parties concerned. After the death of Herman Meyer and his wife Rosa Meyer, the heir(s) of Rudolph Bach shall be considered as the surviving co-partner, in the sense and for the purpose of para 3 hereunder.
- 2) In the event of the death of Herman Meyer, prior to his wife, Rosa Meyer, as his sole heir shall be entitled to his share in the

~~In the event of the death of a party hereto, the surviving co-partner shall within a period of weeks, make and give, to the legal representative of the deceased co-partner, a true, just and final account of all things relating to the co-partnership business, and within a period of months, in all things truly adjust the same with the legal representative of the deceased co-partner. The surviving co-partner shall have the privilege of purchasing the interest of the deceased co-partner from his legal representative, upon a true and proper valuation of the interest of the deceased co-partner; And until the purchase of said interest by the surviving co-partner, or a division as herein agreed upon, the legal representative of the deceased co-partner during reasonable business hours shall have access to the books of the co-partnership and examine same personally or with the aid of other persons and make copies thereof or any portion thereof without any interruption or hindrance, and the said legal representative of said deceased co-partner shall have equal and~~

~~joint control of the said co-partnership with the surviving partner or partners.~~
co-partnership. The surviving co-partner is, in this instance, entitled to an appropriate remuneration for his services.

- 3) After the death of Rosa Meyer, or, if she predeceases her husband in death, after the death of Herman Meyer, his share in the co-partnership shall fall to the surviving co-partner. Inasmuch as this share consists in part of the goodwill of the co-partnership, it shall not be valued nor taken into account as part of the estate of the deceased. However, the part of the share of the deceased which consists in tangible assets of the co-partnership, e.g. one half of such assets, shall form part of the estate of the deceased. Any part of the assets of the co-partnership which will have to be paid out to heirs of the deceased partner, shall be so paid within one year after his death, in equal quarterly instalments, with interest

In Witness Whereof, the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above mentioned.

In presence of:

Herman Meyer
Rudolph Bach

Business Certificate for Partners

The undersigned do hereby certify that they are conducting or transacting business as members of a partnership under the name or designation of

DACH & CO. INC.

at 1000 10th Avenue, New York, State of New York, and do further certify that the full names of all the persons conducting or transacting such partnership including the full names of all the partners with the residence address of each such person, and the age of any who may be infants, are as follows:

NAME Specify which are infants and state ages.

RESIDENCE

1. <u>Isaac M. Dachs</u>	<u>1000 10th Ave., New York 17, N.Y.</u>
2. <u>Rudolph F. Dachs</u>	<u>1000 10th Ave., New York 17, N.Y.</u>
3. <u>Rosa Mayer</u>	<u>1000 10th Ave., New York 17, N.Y.</u>

WE DO FURTHER CERTIFY that we are the successors in interest to

the person or persons heretofore using such name or names to carry on or conduct or transact business.

In Witness Whereof, We have this 11th day of May, 1951, made and signed this certificate.

Rudolph F. Dachs
Rosa Mayer

State of New York,
County of Queens ss.:

On this 11th day of May, 1951, before me personally appeared Isaac M. Dachs and Rosa Mayer

to me known and known to me to be the individual described in, and who executed the foregoing certificate, and he thereupon duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

Murray D. Silverman
MURRAY D. SILVERMAN
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW YORK
No. 24-2463350 — Clerk in Queens County
Exam. filed in Kings Co. Ch. & Sup. Ct.
Exam. filed in Queens Co. Ch. & Sup. Ct.
EXPIRATION 11th May 1953

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ORIGINAL
TO BE GIVEN TO
THE PERSON NATURALIZED

No. 6999665

CERTIFICATE OF

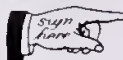
NATURALIZATION



Petition No. 492741

Personal description of holder as of date of naturalization: Date of birth April 9, 1910 sex Female
complexion Fair color of eyes Brown color of hair Gr-Brown height 5 feet 5 inches
weight 150 pounds visible distinctive marks None
Marital status Married former nationality Palestinian

I certify that the description above given is true, and that the photograph affixed hereto is a likeness of me.



Ruth Caecilie Bach

(Complete and true signature of holder)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK ss:

Be it known that at a term of the District Court of
The United States

held pursuant to law at Brooklyn
on September 4, 1952 the Court having found that

RUTH CAECILIE BACH

then residing at 138-08 76th Avenue, Flushing, New York
intends to reside permanently in the United States (when so required by the
Naturalization Laws of the United States), had in all other respects complied with
the applicable provisions of such naturalization laws, and was entitled to be
admitted to citizenship, thereupon ordered that such person be and (she was
admitted as a citizen of the United States of America.

In testimony whereof the seal of the court is hereunto affixed this 4th
day of September in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and
fifty two and of our Independence the one hundred
and seventy seventh

Joseph G. Eickes
Clerk of the U. S. District Court

By *Joseph G. Eickes* Deputy Clerk

It is a violation of the U. S. Code (and
punishable as such) to copy, print, photograph,
or otherwise illegally use this certificate.



Ruth Caecilie Bach

Seal

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The old prayer-book.

What from your fathers has come down to you
acquire it so you may possess it.

Goethe, Faust

I have an heirloom: A Hebrew prayer-book, printed 1734 in Amsterdam, bound in somewhat tattered leather still showing traces of rich ornamentation, closing with two flower-engraved silver-clasps. It must have been quite magnificent when it was in its prime - over 250 years ago.

There are pages inserted in front and back, some blank, some inscribed, which makes the page-count somewhat arbitrary. On page 3 there is the entry: Aron Levy, born June 27, 1804, and underneath Jette Levy, born February, 1830. These entries are in German, in partly Gothic, partly Latin letters. Aron and Jette Levy were the parents of my grandmother on my mother's side. (page 3 is otherwise empty).

For a long time I knew of these pages containing a treasure waiting to be dug up. Way back in the nineteenthirties my brother Hans and I made a somewhat halfhearted effort to decipher them - with only partial success. It is only now that I got myself to try harder and to get some expert help to this end. My reluctance was in part due to laziness, in part to awe of the effort it would take.

The entries on these pages are mostly in German in Hebrew letters, some in Hebrew language. Writing German in Hebrew letters was customary among Jews in Germany up to the second half of the 19th century. I know that my grandparents still wrote to one another in this manner when they were young. The handwriting - or, as I now found - the handwritings are fluid, with abbreviations and contractions, for us not easy to read. The transcripts and translations which I am attaching herewith are quite eloquent in themselves but a few comments and explanations may be welcome.

For one thing the entries show that for our ancestors at that time the Hebrew calendar was very much alive, at any rate with regard to births and deaths. They show also the progress of emancipation and assimilation, sometimes even within the same generation.

The most immediately appealing one is page 4, showing a listing of Aron Levy's nine children, all with resp. dates in Hebrew and German. They were born between 1831 when he was 27 and 1851 when he was 47. Only from the fourth onward a German name is shown (written mostly in Latin letters) and it is, with only one exception, different from the Hebrew one. The listing shows that Aron Levy knew to write Hebrew print as well as cursive, German in Gothic as well as in Latin letters. He probably went in his boyhood to a Jewish school as at that time Jewish children were not accepted in German schools. His writing in German is phonetic, not grammatical. F.I. (Page 2) a German place-name with the somewhat convoluted spelling PFUNGSTADT is spelt FUNSTAT (fun to decipher!). However the German handwriting is clear, neat and obviously experienced.

His knowledge of Hebrew was not faultless. He generally uses the male form where the female should be used. Registering the birth of a son the father writes "beni" - my son; for a daughter "bitah" - her daughter instead of "bat" or "biti" a or my daughter. As his father (see below) wrote the same way this may have been a customary form for which we do not know the reason.

Next to the resp. birth-date he writes for every child the Hebrew formula: "may he/she grow to chuppah (bridal canopy = marriage) and good deeds". Originally this formula reads: "lethorah, lechuppah etc" i.e. to the fulfillment of the "mitzvot" - the religious obligations-etc. Aron Levy's father still wrote "lethorah" but only for his sons as the religious duties are for men only. I am inclined to believe that Aron Levy's omitting "lethorah" is not by chance. The education he gave his children (see below) speaks for his "enlightened" views.

After the second child in 1833 there is an unusual six years' interval. The entry on page 2 mourning the death of his beloved wife Miriam confirms that Jette, 16 years his junior, was his second one. Between 1839 when she was 19 and 1851 when she was 31 she bore him seven children which means that within these twelve years she was nearly half the time pregnant.

Of Jette's seven children Fanny, the second youngest, born in 1849, was my grandmother. She died young - in 1888 - at age 39 when my mother was nine years old. When Fanny became ill her two years older sister Emma who was still unmarried stepped in, brought up the children and after the mourning period grandfather married her in 1889 (see my mother's memoirs).

In the course of the years grandmother Emma, the only one I knew (besides grandmother Bach) and dearly loved, had forgotten that the children, my mother and her three brothers, were not her own. Tiny, trim and neat she was a wonderful grandmother, warm and caring, a splendid cook and housewife.

When in 1914 the grandparents had their silver wedding anniversary, Hans and I aged 12½ and 10 resp. had - under the covers in bed - great secret palavers, trying to figure out how that could be when mother and her brothers were all in their thirties. When we finally asked mother she said: "I will tell you under one condition: that you will never show to grandmother that you know, not even in anger." We both kept the bargain. Grandmother lived to well over ninety. She never realized that we knew.

Coming from a fine and for her time very cultured background grandmother had great natural dignity. Indeed from what I know about the history of her family (see also my mother's memoirs) hers was the most emancipated as well as the most "aristocratic" line among our ancestors.

Of grandmother's siblings enumerated on this page I knew two more: Amalie - called "Tante Schloss" lived in Frankfurt and occasionally came to Stuttgart to visit. We did not like her much. Therese, the youngest, had married Jacob Samson, a brother of my grandfather, who also had a wine-business in Neustadt. The two brothers had separate businesses in the same line in the same place, before - after my parent's marriage - my grandparents moved to Stuttgart.

Page 7. I had noticed that there was a different hand-writing on some of the pages but had not realized that the entries on this page were made by Aron Levy's father Moshe Halevy, my great-great-grandfather. The very first entry on this page is indeed registering the birth of Aron Arie (Loeb), i.e. my great-great-grandfather (who must have been born between 1770 and 1780 and was the first owner of the book) - entering the birth of my great-grandfather. This is indeed a fascinating find. From our own great-grandchildren this is the seventh generation back - over twohundred years.

Page 2. (1) written in Hebrew, date December 13, 1836, (in German). I am crying, my eyes, my eyes stream water at the passing of my wife Miriam who died in God's name on Tuesday, 5th Tevet, parschah ... (the part of the bible being read on the sabbath nearest to the date), year 5694 and was buried on Thursday, 9th Tevet. May her soul rest in peace with the Zadikim and Zadikiot (the male and female just ones) in gan Eden (paradise) and may she be revived with all the deceased of the people of Israel.

(I am not well enough versed in Jewish knowledge to say whether part or all of this entry is a quote (from the bible and especially psalms) and/or formula and what is personal expression)

(2) Death of sister Lina Wehrkind (?) in Pfungstadt on 11/23/1859.

Page 5. The first two entries note on July 30, 1861, the death of Aron Levy's father-in-law and, on March 14, 1864, his mother-in-law with dates of the resp. funerals and the dates at which the yahrzeit- services were to be held. Yahrzeit is the yearly remembrance-service for parents. It is also noted that Herman Mainzer, the father-in-law, died in Lorsch, a small place near Worms where Aron Levy lived. The Mainzers were a distinguished family. One of the stories I heard about them was that one of the women, possibly Beilah whose death is here registered had in her dowry twelve silk-dresses. On one of them the silk was so magnificent that the bishop (of Worms where they then lived) wanted it for a ceremonial vestment, and they gave it to him as a present. This is, for several reasons, a strange story but one that would hardly have been invented.

Let me, in this place, say a word about Jewish family-names. The Mainzers were one of the exceptional Jewish families - the only one among our ancestors - who had a family-name before they were - in Napoleonic times - made compulsory. General exceptions were the Cohens and Levys. Due to both having priestly functions these names - and their many spellings and derivations - were preserved on account of the religious interest in keeping them alive. In the case of Aron Levy his father called himself Halevy (ha' being the Hebrew article). As Aron lived at the time of the acceptance of family-names, it seems that he changed the name to Levy.

Beilah died in the Hebrew month Adar. The Jewish (moon-)calendar has months of only 28 days and needs therefore in regular intervals a "leap"-month called

"We-Adar" (like our common calendar has an intercalary day). As this fact can influence the proper date for the Yahrzeit, it is said here: "and is no "Ueberchodesch" = intercalary month (the word being half Hebrew, half German) so the Yahrzeit is "noted", i.e. regular.

- (3) Death of a son-in-law in Bensheim - in the same area - on November 3, 1871.
(4) "Today my son Bernhard (using his German name only) died "bei mir" = in my house. He was 29 - no reason of death stated. This entry is the last and latest one. Aron Levy was then 68, he died in 1874 at age 70, his wife in 1895 at age 65.

Page 6. (1) written by Moshe Halevy. In 1809 death of his father Jona Zvi.

- (2) in 1815 death of his mother Scheinle bat (daughter of) Aharon.

(3) For remembrance (in Hebrew): On (Hebrew date) or January 14, 1809, in the evening a thunderstorm started and lasted till 9 o'clock with continuous lighting and thunder and hail so one would think the world is going under and it was so dark that one could grip the darkness with one's hand.

(4) for remembrance (in German) (Hebrew date) in German January 24, 1856, at 7 o'clock in the evening there was a thunderstorm with lightening and thunder as has not been a weather like it in many years and it also hailed.

Page 7. (1) Birth of Aron Arie (Loeb) in 1804 . see remarks.

- (2) Birth of daughter Hendle in 1807
(3) Birth of daughter Breinle in 1810
(4) Birth of son Jona Zvi in 1812. It was customary to name children, especially sons after the most recently deceased straight ancestor. This child was named after his grandfather (see above page 6 (1)) who had died in 1809.
(5) Birth of son Jitzhak Tov in 1814

Page 8. (1) Birth of daughter Scheinle in 1820

- (2) Death of daughter (?)
(3) (Handwriting of Aron Levy) On October 22, 1845, my father "selig" (of blessed memory) died (In Hebrew and German).

2

Handwritten note at the bottom of the page:

מחזור חורבן בית ראשון
ה'תקצ"ג
לפני ה'תקצ"ד
אדר א' תשס"ג

ה'ט"ו אב
היום יום ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
ביום קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין

ה'ט"ו אב
היום יום ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
ביום קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין

ה'ט"ו אב
היום יום ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
ביום קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין

ה'ט"ו אב
היום יום ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
ביום קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין
קצ' קצ' קצ' יין ז' ד"ה קצ' קצ' יין לויאסר פסחא דמלכא דהיינו ויין

[illegible][illegible]

(Handwritten signature)

၁။ နတ်၊ မြို့၊ ရွာ၊ လူ၊ တို့ကို
 သေစေရန် အမိန့်ပြုသည်။
 ၂။ ဤသို့ ပြုလုပ်ရာတွင်
 နတ်တို့၏ စီမံကိန်းသည်
 ကျမ်းဂန်အတိုင်း ဖြစ်ပေါ်လာသည်။

בני אדר אריה עלה ביום ו' תשרי
ב' תשרי תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1204

ביתד ארבעה רחל עלה ב' תשרי
תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1207

ביתד ארבעה רחל עלה ב' תשרי
תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1210

בני אדר אריה עלה ב' תשרי
תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1212

בני אדר אריה עלה ב' תשרי
תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1214

בני אדר אריה עלה ב' תשרי
תשס"ח
אגודת אורח אורח וארבעה ארבעה
1216

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a personal letter or a note. The text is written in a fluid, connected style with some large, decorative flourishes. It appears to be a mix of letters and symbols, possibly a mix of languages or a specific dialect.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The text is written in a fluid, connected style with some large, decorative flourishes. It appears to be a mix of letters and symbols, possibly a mix of languages or a specific dialect.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The text is written in a fluid, connected style with some large, decorative flourishes. It appears to be a mix of letters and symbols, possibly a mix of languages or a specific dialect.

Pictures with a ~~mystery~~. An Enigma

I have in my possession the picture of a good-looking man, dressed in the style of appr. 1860 = 1870. I know it comes from my mother's father's - the Samson side of the family. On its back it has the name and address of a photo-studio in New Orleans, printed in the style of the time. I also have a larger size picture of the same man which says on its back that it was taken by a photographer in Kirchheim-Bolanden, a small place in the Palatinate, not too far from Neustadt. One can see that the larger picture has been for many years in a then customary oval frame. It is obviously retouched: the eyes show a faint blue color (there was of course no color-photography at the time) and the creases in the face have been reduced. The sides are reversed - the small picture looks to the right, the larger one to the left, with considerably more clothing shown.

Photography was then far from what it is today; it was almost exclusively in the hands of professionals. One had to sit still for long exposures. Having one's picture taken was an event and a sizeable expense. I thought first that the larger picture was an enlargement of the small one but several reasons speak against this assumption: Even if enlarging was available of which I am not at all certain, the photographer in Kirchheim-Bolanden could hardly have had the negative of the small picture - at that time a glass-plate-available. Without it he would have had to re-photograph it - a rather involved process. Why should he have done so when he had the subject available?

I had assumed that these were portraits of my great-grandfather Aron Levy. As quite a lot was told ^{him} ~~him~~ it is, however most unlikely that his having been in America would never have been mentioned in the family as such a trip was still quite an undertaking. The picture shows an outspoken similarity with my grandfather Moses Samson who stayed in the USA for many years. However, when he came back to Germany - at the latest in 1876 as he had a son in 1877 - he was under 30 years old and the pictures are of an older man. Besides that grandfather would not have hung up a picture of himself.

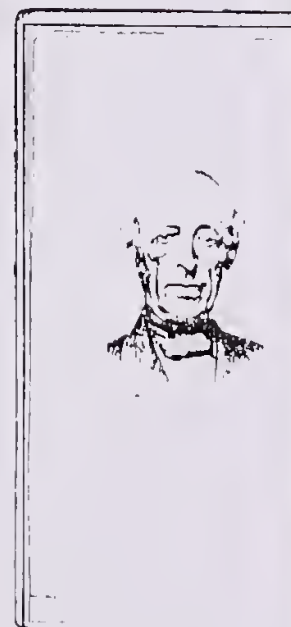
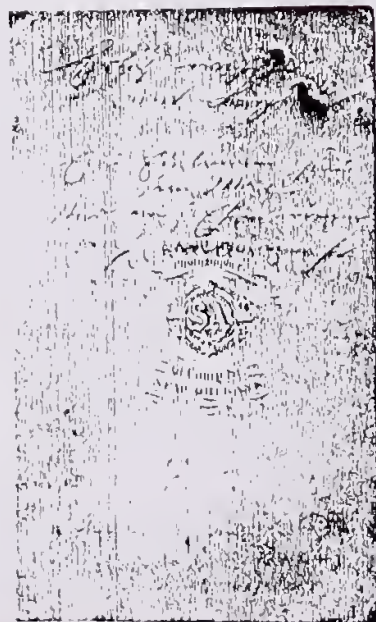
On the back of the small picture there is some writing in faint, hard to read pencil which says: "Ehrlich waehrt am laengsten" (honest lasts longest)

and "Ein Edelmann haelt sein Wort, und ein Ehrenmann noch viel mehr" (a nobleman keeps his word and a man of honor even much more). "Even more so" or "keeps more than his word" ? The German version is just as ambiguous. The handwriting is very even and precise and not that of my grandfather.

This is as far as I had gotten with my thoughts about these pictures when I discovered another one in my files, a "pendant"*) which had become separated. This one was taken by the same photographer in Kirchheim-Boland, had been in the same kind and size of oval frame and is obviously showing the man's wife. From this it becomes clear that these are my grandfather's parents, David (1807 - 1896) and Karoline Samson nee Levy (1811 - 1883). He is the man after whom I got my Hebrew first name (which I made my middle name when we came to this country). About both of them we know very little and my mother says nothing about them in her memories.

How come he had his picture taken in New Orleans? We had been told that he was not well-to-do and nobody ever mentioned his having visited his son while Moses Samson was in this country. However, here is the evidence and this part of the puzzle I can not solve.

*) This (French pronounced) word was used for the counterpiece of a pair





14 MULFORD PLACE
HEMPSTEAD, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
HEMPSTEAD 7-9662

December 29, 1954.

Liebe Bertha,

Der anliegende Aufsatz Deines
Sohnes wird Dir sicher interessieren, - falls
Du ihn nicht schon kennst. Die Ausführungen
vor der Buchbesprechung sind sehr
interessant. Sie schildern den Hintergrund
der Zeit, aus der Bewegung hervorging,
- und sie weisen in die Zukunft. -

Ich nehme die Gelegenheit wahr,
um Dir zur Verlobung Deiner Enkelin
und zum neuen Jahr viele gute Wünsche

zu senden. Ich hoffe, Dein neuer
Enkel steht seiner Verlobten an
Begabung und Charms nicht nach:
es ist nicht leicht!

Herzlichen Gruss

Dein

Nathan Stein

14 MULFORD PLACE
HEMPSTEAD, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
HEMPSTEAD 7-9662

15. November 1951.

Liebe Ruth,

Dein lieber Zettel erhielt ich vorhin
und beantwortete sie ebenso rasch, wie ich dein
liebes gutes Antworts vom 24. September beantwortet
habe: Die kamen unter den ersten zu mir, in
die waren mir nicht nur deshalb willkommen,
sondern weil sie auch so freundschaftlich und
herzlich klangten. So setzte ich mich sogleich zur
Antwort: ich konnte es unmöglich tun, als
damals nur wenige zu beantworten waren. Es ist
mir leid, dass mein Dank Dir nicht erreicht hat,
ich wiederhole ihn nun mit doppeltem Nachdruck,
- da Du ihm so schöne doppelten Beantwortung gegeben
hast. Ich glaube, es ergötzt Dir wie mir: Wir alle
haben Menschenlei. Menschen im Leben um uns
gehen und an uns vorbeigehen lassen. Es sind
nicht alle, die Eindruck auf uns machen,
mit denen wir in innerer Verbindung bleiben,
möchten wir sie auch lange nicht sehen, oder
nur in Rudigen blieflichen Verkehr stehen. Ich glaube

Wir beide sind uns stets innerlich sehr verbunden,
es ist wie ein Freund bei dir zusammen mit
meinem Dank für deine Liebenswürdigkeit
bekunden zu können. -

Es freut mich, dass du wieder in einem
Arten hast, und gar ein solches, das du dir
- wenn auch schwer - aus eigener Kraft
er - und verdient hast. Alle Anerkennung von
deinem Willens- und Tatkraft!

Aus meinem Kreis mag dir Mitteilung,
dass wir uns nun bald halbjährige ^{Lebenszeit}
haben; - behaupte hätte ich die Vorbereitungen, so
wenig sehr ich uns als Ur - Gosseltien. Aber wenn
in unsern Tritten in diese Jugendlichkeit als Gosseltien
mutter betrachte, möchte ich dies noch weniger
sagen. -

Ich meine freilich dürfte es besser sein: Ich
befinde ich noch einem schwachen. Inzwischen
wie wenn ich, mein Geburtstag in Cincinnati
beim neuen Schwast und ihrer Familie verleben zu
sollen; vor zwei Wochen wurde sie 79 Jahre alt,
- allen Anlass zu einem Besuch. -

Und nun nochmals Dank, Journal dafür, dass
du mir Gelegenheit, das durch deine Güte
geboten hast, und von uns beiden herzlichsten,
auch in die Deine,

Dein
Katharina.

Nathan Stein to Bertha Bach.

Nov. 15, 1951

Dear Bertha:

I just received your dear lines and want to answer them as quickly as I answered your good wishes of Sept. 24. They were among the first ones that reached me and they were welcome not only for this reason but also because they were so affectionate and cordial. So I sat down right away to reply which I could do the more easily as I had only a few to answer at that time. I am sorry that my thanks did not reach you. I am repeating them with double emphasis as you expressed them twice so kindly. I think you feel the same as I: We all have seen many people around us and passing in our lives. There are not too many who made an impression on us and with whom an inner contact was maintained even if we did not meet for long periods or maintained only a sporadic writing connection. I think the two of us always remained close and I am pleased to give expression to this in connection with my thanks for your birthday-wish.

I am so glad that you have again a home of your own, the more so as you have earned it as well as deserved it through your own strength. All respect for your will-power and energy.

have a
From my circle you may like to know that we/half-year old great-grand-daughter I had almost forgotten the "great" - that is as little as I am seeing us as great-grandparents. But seeing my youthful daughter as a grandmother is even less believable.

My wife is not too well; the state of her health is still unsteady. However we were pleased that we could spend my birthday in Cincinnati together with my sister and her family; two weeks ago she turned 79-all the reason for a visit.

Thanks again, especially for giving me the occasion through your lines, best regards from both of us, also for your family,

Yours,

Nathan

12/29/1954

Dear Bertha:

The attached article of your son will certainly interest you if you do not know it already. The remarks before the book-review are very interesting. They describe the background of the time from which Rosenzweig started and point towards the future.

I use this occasion to send you many good wishes to the engagement of your granddaughter and to the New Year. I hope your new grandson will not stay behind his fiancée in talent and charm - it is not easy!

Cordial regards,

Yours,

Nathan Stein

Friday, July 1, 1966

Nathan Stein gestorben



Als Nathan Stein, der soeben in New York 85 Jahre alt verstorben ist, seinen 80. Geburtstag beging, nannte Professor Siegfried Ucko, der vor seiner Auswanderung nach Palästina Bezirksrabbiner in Offenburg, Baden, war, ihn in einer bedeutsamen Würdigung seiner Persönlichkeit und seines Wirkens den "letzten Aristokraten unter den deutschen Juden". Eine treffende Charakterisierung, denn in der Vielzahl von Ämtern und Interessen, in Erfolg und Heimsuchung, bewahrte Nathan Stein das Ebenmass einer in sich ruhenden Persönlichkeit. Humanistische Bildung und eine innerlich jüdische Tradition verbanden sich in ihm. Bis in seine letzten Jahre fühlte er sich von Menschen angezogen, die seinem Bildungsideal entsprachen, auch von jüngeren. Er war stets bereit, von ihnen zu lernen, und er förderte sie.

Seine Ideale mögen einer vergangenen Epoche angehört haben, aber seine Leistungen sollten nicht vergessen werden. Viele Jahre war er Präsident des Badischen Oberrats. Weder seine Tätigkeit im Bankhaus Strauss,

dessen Mitinhaber er war, noch die Vorlesungen an der Technischen Hochschule in Karlsruhe und auch seine vielen repräsentativen Verpflichtungen minderten sein tätiges Interesse, das er an der Verwaltung der badischen Judenschaft, an Planung und Bestellung tüchtiger Mitarbeiter nahm.

Er war einer der Mitbegründer der Reichsvertretung und die tatkräftige Förderung, die die Reichsvertretung von der Judenschaft in Baden erhielt, war vor allem ihm zuzuschreiben. So manche Dinge, die erst viel später verwirklicht wurden, wurden von ihm vorgedacht und vorbereitet.

Das trifft auch auf seine Tätigkeit in diesem Lande zu. Lange Zeit stand er an der Spitze der "American Federation of Jews from Central Europe", von deren segensreicher Arbeit noch heute viele Nutzen haben. Lange bevor das Leo Baeck-Institut ins Leben gerufen wurde, entwickelte Nathan Stein die Ideen und Grundlinien eines solchen Instituts. Ihm war die Entwicklung dieses "living monuments of German Jews" eine Herzensangelegenheit. Von Anfang an war er Mitglied des Vorstandes und verbrachte in dem Institut viele Stunden in Beratung und Planung. Die Stiftung, die er, einer von wenigen, gemacht hat, wird seinen Namen für immer mit diesem einzigartigen Forschungsinstitut verbinden.

Loyalität ist ein Kennzeichen des Adels. Nathan Stein hatte und bewahrte sie in einem hohen Masse. Sein Schelden macht uns ärmlich, aber seine Gestalt bleibt Gestalt.

Dr. Max Gruenewald



Professor Dr. Nathan Stein, former President of the *Centralrat Badischer Juden*, Past President of the American Federation of Jews from Central Europe, Member of the Board of the Leo Baeck Institute, New York, celebrated his 80th birthday on October 1, 1961. We extend to him our most cordial congratulations and hope that he will for many more years continue to give us the benefit of his wisdom and inspiring counsel.

NATHAN STEIN DEAD

Nathan Stein just died in New York at the age of 85. At his 80th birthday Prof. Siegfried Ucko, formerly district-rabbi of Offenburg/Baden wrote an important valuation of his personality and activity. In it he called him "the last aristocrat among the German Jews." - a fitting characterization as in the large number of offices and interests, in success and affliction Nathan Stein preserved the harmony of a well-balanced personality. In him a humanistic education was joined with an intimate Jewish tradition. Up to his last years he felt attracted by people who suited his educational ideal, even younger ones. He furthered them and was always willing to learn.

His ideals may have belonged to a past era but his deeds should not be forgotten. For many years he was the president of the Oberrrat (Supreme Council) of Baden. Neither his activity in the Strauss Bank of which he was a partner, nor his lectures at the Technical College of Karlsruhe nor his many representational obligations reduced his active interest in the administration of Baden's Jewry, in planning and in appointing capable co-workers.

He was one of the co-founders of the Reichsvertretung (Central National Jewish Council) and the energetic support the Reichsvertretung received from the Jews of Baden was in the first place due to him. He had pre-thought and prepared many of the things that were realized only later.

This applies also to his activity in this country. For a long time he was at the head of the Federation of Jews from Central Europe whose beneficial work is still useful to many people. Long before the Leo Baeck Institute was founded Nathan Stein developed the ideas and principles for such an institution. For him the development of this "living monument of German Jews" was a matter of the heart. From its beginning he was a member of the presidium and spent many hours in the institutew planning and counseling. The foundation he established as one of very few will forever connect his name with this unique research-institute.

Loyalty is a characteristic of nobility. Nathan Stein had and preserved it to a high degree. His parting makes us poorer but his image remains an image.

Dr. Max Gruenewald

(formerly Rabbi of Mannheim, at that time and for many years president of the Leo Baeck Institute)

Letter from David Bach to his sister Bertha Bach
living (alone) in Muehringen

Stuttgart, 3/1/1921

My dear Bertha!

I have received your letter of 2/17 and am glad to see from it that you are doing ok. The same I can also - thank God - report about myself.. Per your indication, dear Bertha, you seem to have 160 bottles and some water-jugs. Is this right or isn't it?. If I had them here I could get M 100 for them. I want to see what one can do with them. Do the bottles have unfform size or are there different sizes? And are the jugs Emser water jugs, and appr. how many? Give me fairly exactly, so I know what's what as before that I can not offer them to anybody.

I sent you last week already M 200 which you will have received,*) To the new engagement (of a great-niece) I congratulate you too. Gretel makes a very good party and can remain here. This is for Auguste (her mother) a great satisfaction and a gift from God. Dear Germaine's wedding (his grand-daughter) will be on April 14 in Saarbruecken. Is teacher Stern ill as you, dear Bertha, are writing so miserably about him? He was most of his life alone and will feel being alone less than when one has lived with one's wife for 54 years in peace and had to take care only of very little. I know well that I just I have to suffer my sorrow but the mourning still overcomes me often. I will still find concolation in God who will not leave me. Write me soon again, stay well and have best regards
from your faithful brother

David

*) Bertha 's husband was ultra-pious. He left his wife to move to Palestine She got a divorce and re-took her maiden-name. Bertha was destitute and her brother supported her.

Thail sindes Leben bald, und am Ende
des Lebens sein wenigstens ein
54 Jahre mit seiner Frau in Frieden lebte;
mit dieser Frau ein wenig zu
sein. Ich weiß aber wohl, daß ich
Leid ertragen muß, aber der Herr
über mich, wie ich oft. Im Leben
auch oft, das mich nicht verlassen wird
wird ich auf Trost finden, das ist mein
Hoffnung. Ich weiß, mein Herr
wird, bleibt gesamt mit mir
verglichen, wie ich dan immer sein
brüder David.

St.